

Financial Result for 2nd Quarter of Fiscal Year 2014

November 14, 2014 Nippon Suisan Kaisha, Ltd.

Relocation of Head Office

ONISSUI





- On August 17, 1937, at around the same time of the year nearly 77 years ago, the Head Office was relocated from the Marubiru (Marunouchi Building) to the Nissan-kan (Nissan Building), which was located in Tamura-cho, Shiba-ku (Current 1-chome, Nishi-Shimbashi, Minato-ku, where Hibiya Central Building is located).
- The Head Office remained at this location for approximately 7 years until it was relocated to Maki-cho, Kyobashi-ku in May 1944.

日産コンツェルンの形成と「日本水産」の参画

1928(昭和3)年、鮎川義介は久原鉱業の社長に就任すると、同社を 持株会社の日本産業に改変し、31年に傘下の企業の持株を公開、日産 コンツェルンを形成した。そして34年、日本産業水産部を設置する。 国司浩助は日本産業常務取締役として水産部を担当し、水産業の経営合 理化のため統制下の各社の合同を実行した。日本捕鯨、日本合同工船、 日本食料工業などを「共同漁業」に合併し、社名を「日本水産株式会社」 と改称した。「日本水産」は、日産コンツェルンの傘下で新たな一歩を 踏み出すことになった。

今回共同漁業の増資新株を日産株主に分って、多数の株主を作り、 何人もこの会社の企業に参加し得る機会を与ふることに致した訳であ ります。

又、資本的漁業を大いに振興して、国際的に先進国の漁業者と角逐し、或は彼国人と提携して大いに事業を発展せしめんとするには、相当の資金を要するが、これが為には資本を増大して大衆資本家の資本を集め、同時に安定した金融の途を得ることも考えねばならぬ。

 日産館「日本水産」本社は1937年8月、 丸ビルより日産館に移転した



『国司浩助氏論叢』

「共同漁業」鮎川義介会長(右)と田村啓三社 are of Ninnon Suioon Koicho Ltd



- The head office is relocated for the first time in nearly 50 years since our move to the Nippon Building in 1966.
- The relocation is being understood not only as a move but also as an opportunity to fundamentally review our work-style.

Providing an office environment that will form the basis for the new Nissui that will grow and leap, with a view towards the next 100 years



Both revenue and income increased year-on-year

Income rose especially in foreign countries as the result of contraction of poorly-performing businesses but the domestic market continues to face tough situation.

[Marine Products business] Revenue and income increased.

In Japan : Selling prices stayed generally high in spite of softening in some parts of the market. However, purchase prices also rose, creating slim gross margins. Profits were thus secured by improving inventory turnovers.
 Overseas : The income improved, thanks to a rise in roe products in North America, as well as higher selling prices in the salmon/trout aquaculture business and valuation gains on the fish in aquaculture ponds in South America. Sales in Europe continued at a healthy pace.

[Food Products business] Revenue and income increased.

In Japan : The price of *surimi* rose while the cost of procuring overseas items increased because of a progressively weak yen. Sales promotion cost also grew. Nonetheless, fish paste products and fish sausages racked up brisk business.

Overseas : Contraction of poorly-performing businesses led to a profit increase while profitability of the North American business also improved. Europe also continued to show solid-performance.

[Fine Chemical business] Revenue and income decreased.

Both sales and gross margin decreased as they were impacted by the price revision by the National Health Insurance(NHI) and the government-led push to promote the use of generic drugs.

Expenditures for advertisement were made for functional foods, which represent a future growth.

A delay in recovery from the last-minute demand that preceded the consumption tax hike was seen in the pharmaceuticals and cosmetic business.



(Unit : 100 million yen)

◆Both revenue and income increased in Marine products and Food Products. Revenue and income decreased in Fine Chemical Business.

		_			(011111100	initial year,
	Results of 2Q of FY2014	Results of 2Q of FY2013	Increase/D Amounts / Pe		Plan for FY2014	Progress rate
Net Sales	3,022	2,916	106	<u>103.7</u>	6,030	50.1
Marine Products Business	1,302	1,143	158	113.9	2,551	51.1
Food Products Business	1,444	1,434	9	100.7	2,843	50.8
Fine Business	128	142	(13)	90.5	293	43.9
Logistics	71	70	1	102.3	145	49.4
Others	75	125	(50)	60.0	198	38.1
Operating Income	102	53	49	<mark>193.2</mark>	155	66.1
Marine Products Business	40	8	31	459.2	36	111.5
Food Products Business	37	13	23	271.7	59	64.2
Fine Business	26	36	(10)	72.1	68	39.0
Logistics	8	7	0	109.0	18	47.6
Others	3	6	(2)	61.2	6	62.1
Common Cost	(14)	(20)	6	70.2	(32)	44.8
Ordinary Income	115	57	57	<mark>199.4</mark>	160	72.0
Net Income	58	31	27	<mark>185.3</mark>	73	80.8

Comparison of Net Sales by Segment Matrix (Y-on-Y)



(Unit: 100 million yen) Consolidated Sub Total Grand Total Japan North America South America Asia Europe Adjustment 1,008 (82) 203 (6) 119 (28) 81 (16) 231 (25) 1.644 (159) (341)(-0) 1,302 (158) Marine Products 926 1.485 (341) 1.143 196 91 65 206 1,569 (47) 278 (-1) (-10) 95 (-28) 1.971 (8) (1) 1.444 (9) 27 (526)Food Products 1.521 279 37 124 1.963 (528)1.434 (-14) (0) (0) (-13) (-14)135 (8) 128 1 136 Fine Chemicals 151 142 150 (9) 1 (4) (4) (-3) (1)115 115 (44) 71 Logistics (40) 110 110 70 (-48) (0) (-48) (25) (-2) 75 (-50) 100 0 101 Other 148 0 149 (23) 125 2,929 (72)481 (5) 119 (28) 110 (6) 327 (-2) 3,969 (109)Sub Total 2,857 476 91 104 330 3,860 (-2) (720)(-15) (4) (76) (-10) (52) (7) (3) (10) (947) (93)Consolidated Adjustment (704) (98) (66) (60)(13)(944)(57) (10) (18) (13)(7) 3.022 (106)2.209 387 42 57 324 Grand Total 2.152 24 377 44 316 2,916

• The upper columns indicates the result of 2Q of FY2014 and the lower columns indicates that of FY2013. The Italic figures mean increase/decrease.

• Consolidated Adjustment include elimination between the group companies.

• Impact of eliminated and newly-joined companies on a consolidated basis: - 5,000 million yen (Leuchtturm -4,200 Shandong Sanford -1,100, Yumigahama +300 etc.)

• Impact of exchange conversion on net sales (Estimated) : 3,500 million yen

Comparison of Operating Income by Segment Matrix (Y-on-Y)



	Ja	pan		orth erica		outh erica	As	sia	Eur	оре	Com Co:		Sub	Total		lidated stment	Grand	d Total
Marine	10	(0)	2	(1)	27	(32)	2	(3)	4	(1)			48	(40)	(8)	(-8)	40	(31)
Products	10		0		(4)		(0)		3				8		0		8	
Food	22	(5)	6	(7)			(0)	(-0)	9	(11)			38	(24)	(0)	(-0)	37	(23)
Products	17		(1)				(0)		(1)				13		0		13	
Fine	26	(-10)					0	(0)					26	(-10)	0	(0)	26	(-10)
Chemicals	36						0						36		0		36	
Logistics	8	(0)											8	(0)	0	(0)	8	(0)
Logistics	7												7		0		7	
Other	3	(-1)					0	(-0)					3	(-1)	0	(-0)	3	(-2)
Other	5						0						5		0		6	
Common											(14)	(6)	(14)	(6)	0	(0)	(14)	(6)
Costs											(20)		(20)		0		(20)	
Sub Total	71	(-5)	9	(9)	27	(32)	2	(3)	14	(13)	(14)	(6)	110	(58)				
Sub Total	77		(0)		(4)		(0)		1		(20)		51					
Consolidated	0	(-2)	(0)	(-0)	(5)	(-5)	(0)	(-1)	(3)	(-0)	0	(0)			(8)	(-9)		
Adjustment	3		0		(0)		1		(2)		(0)				1			
Grand	72	(-8)	8	(8)	22	(27)	1	(1)	11	(12)	(14)	(6)					102	(49)
Total	80		0		(5)		0		(1)		(20)						53	

• The upper columns indicates the result of 2Q of FY2014 and the lower columns indicates that of FY2013. The Italic figures mean increase/decrease.

• Consolidated adjustment includes amortization of goodwill and unrealized income in inventory.

• Impact of eliminated and newly-joined companies on a consolidated basis on operating income : 1,000 million yen

1Q

2Q

3Q

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2014

♦ Generally high levels of fish prices and valuation gains on the fish in the aquaculture ponds in the South American salmon/trout business led to improvements of revenue and income.

(Unit :) million y Net Sales	/en)	Results of 2Q of FY2014 1,302	Results of 2Q of FY2013 1,143	Amount/P 158	Dcerease ercentage 113.9%	Plan for FY2014 2,551	Progress rate 51.1%	 【Overview of the 2nd Quarter of FY2014】 > In the marine products market, fish prices stayed high in spite of some worrisome factors,
Operating Net Sales	750 700 650 550 500	40	/3 • '15/3	31	<u> </u>	36 Jnit : 100 millio		 including a ban on imports by Russia and a softening yen. South American salmon/trout business was buoyant.(Including the valuation gain on the fish in the aquaculture ponds.) North America and Europe maintained solid performance. Gross margin was secured and bad inventory risks were reduced by improvement of inventory turnover.
Operating Income	35 30 25 20 15 10 5 0	1Q • '14,	/3 • '15/3	-	3Q	4Q (Unit : 100 mi	800 -	Russian Sockeye Chile Coho Chile Trout Chile Trout Mar H Mar H <tr< td=""></tr<>

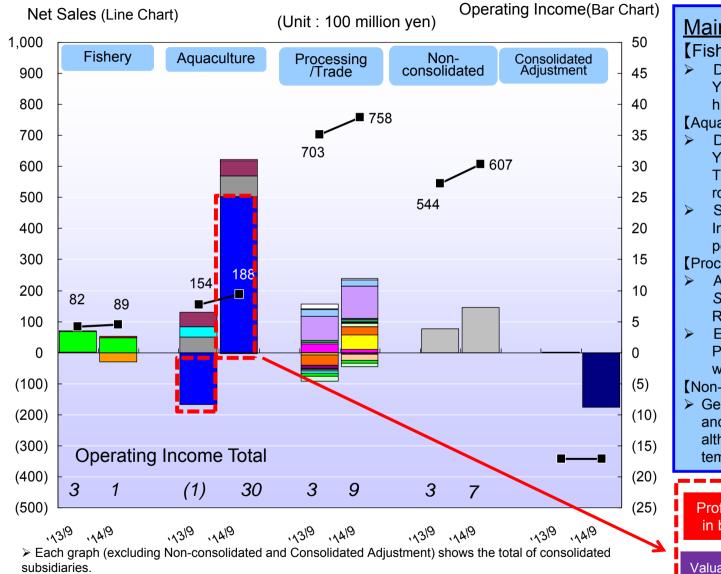
4Q

2012

2013

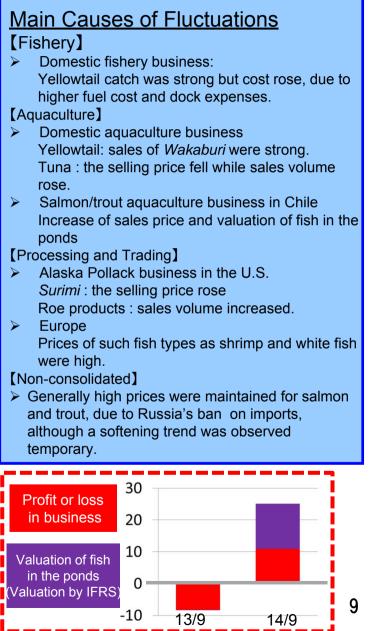
Marine Products Business Net Sales and Operating Income (Y-on-Y)





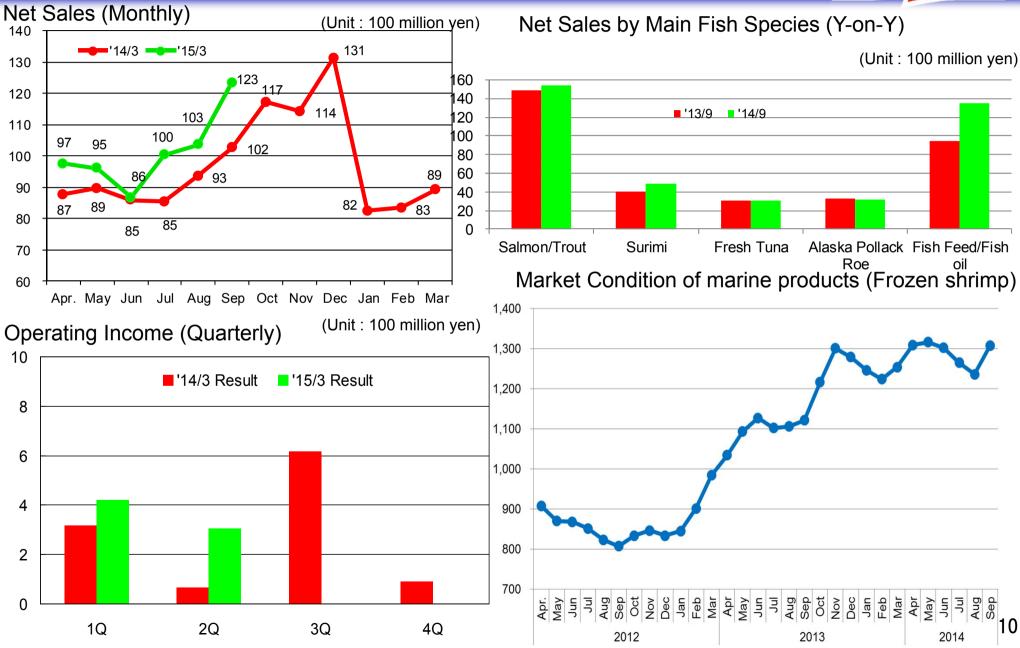
>The Italic figures in the lower part of this chart shows the accumulation of the bar.

>Consolidated Adjustment of operating income includes the amortization of goodwill and unrealized income in inventory.



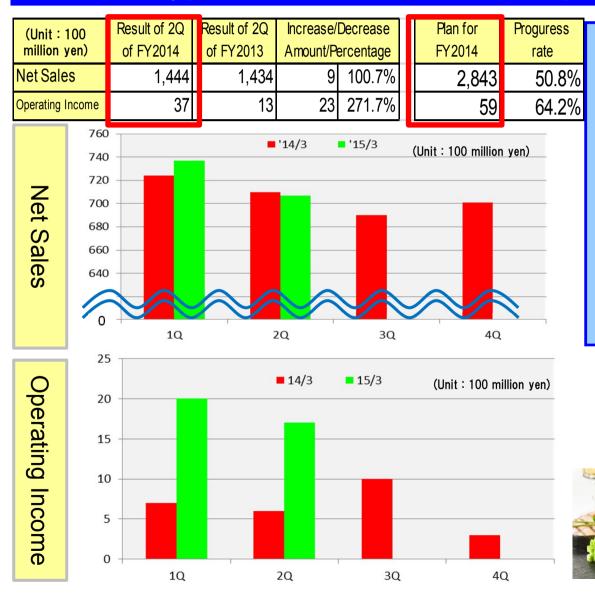
Marine Products Business Non-Consolidated (Y-on-Y)

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♦ Withdrawal from unprofitable businesses let to only a modest revenue increase. However, income grew, thanks to healthy performance in North America and Europe.



[Overview of the 2nd Quarter of FY2014]

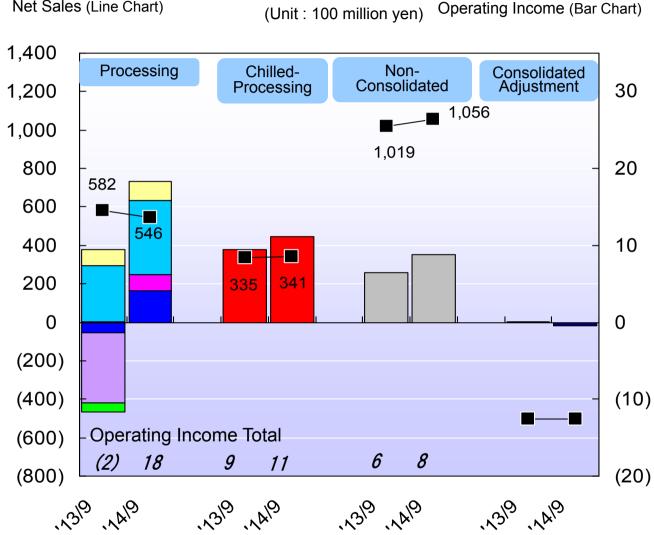
- North America : profits improved as the result of an adjustment of unprofitable items, and also because sales of frozen foods for commercial use grow.
- Europe : sales grew and productivity improved.
- Sales growth and productivity improvement were achieved in the chilled food business.
- The cost of surimi increased in the domestic market while a weak yen raised the raw material cost. Sales promotion expenses stayed high.



Food Products Business Net Sales and Operating Income (Y-on-Y)

Net Sales (Line Chart)





[Processing]

Effects of withdrawals/reorganization of unprofitable businesses in Germany and China

Main Causes of Fluctuations

North America

Concentration of efforts on priority items and cost reductions An increase in the volume of sales and a selling price increase to major restaurant chains

Europe

A sales increase of chilled products and improved productivity [Chilled Products]

- Growth in sales of chilled boxed
- lunches and salads
- Improvements in productivity, resulting from a review of production processes

[Non-consolidated]

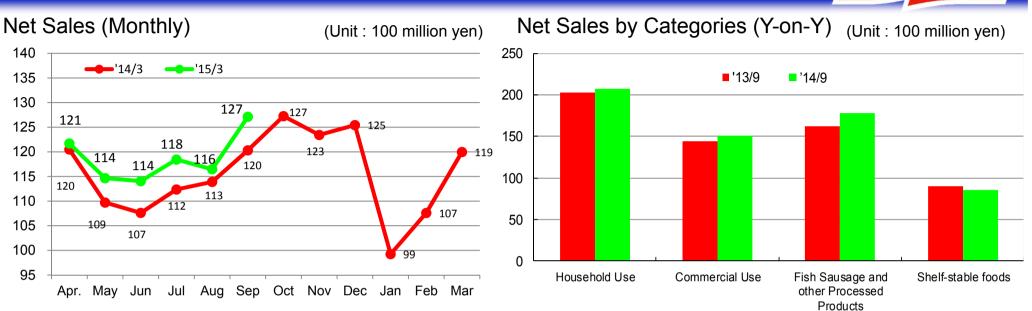
Such products as Futo Chikuwa and Yokai watch brand products, as well as fish paste products and fish sausages sold well.

> Each graph (excluding Non-consolidated and Consolidated Adjustment) shows the total of consolidated subsidiaries.

>The Italic figures in the lower part of this chart shows the accumulation of the bar.

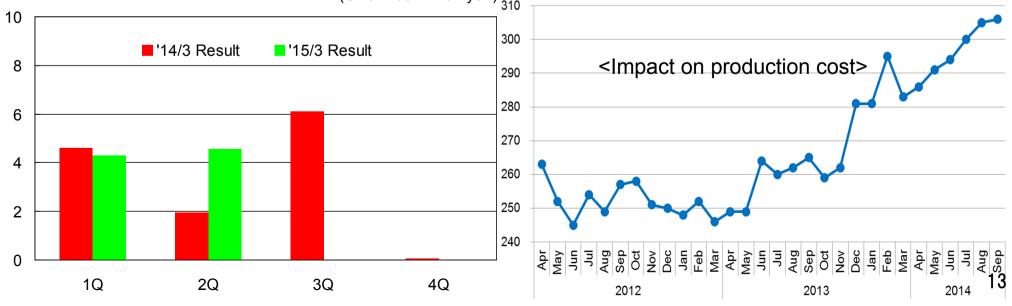
Consolidated Adjustment of operating income includes the amortization of goodwill and unrealized income in inventory.

Food Products Business Non-Consolidated (Y-on-Y)



Operating Income (Quarterly)

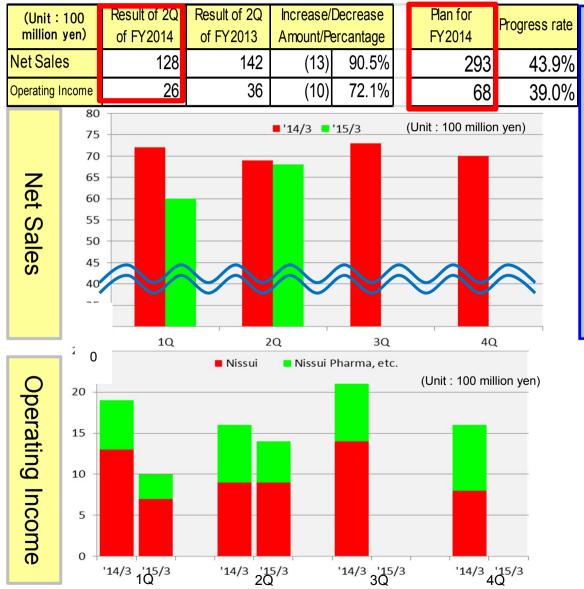
(Unit : 100 million yen) Market condition of marine products (Frozen Surimi)



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◆Revenue and income decreased, due to the effects of the biennial price revision by the National Health Insurance (NHI) and the stepped-up measures to promote the use of generic drugs.



[Overview of the 2nd Quarter of FY2014]

- Pharmaceutical raw materials Sales and gross margin decreased, due to the biennial price revision by the National Health Insurance(NHI) and the stepped- up measures to promote the use of generic drugs.
- Functional foods Advertisement expenditures were injected with an aim to expand the mail order business.
- Sales (Group companies) were sluggish in the clinical diagnostic medicines and pharmaceutical businesses.





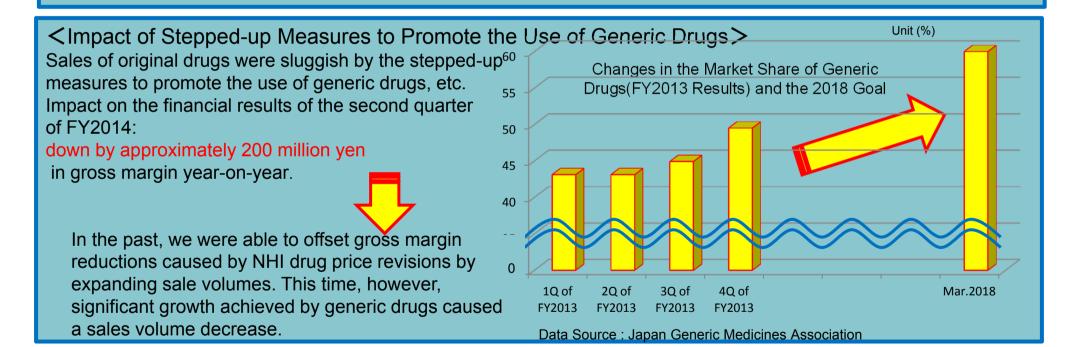




Fine Chemical Business Non-consolidated(Y-on-Y)



<Impact of the Price Revision by National Health Insurance(NHI)> Unit selling prices of pharmaceutical raw materials were lowered as the result of the biennial revision of drug price standard. Impact on the financial results of the second quarter of FY2014: down by approximately 300 million yen in gross margin year-on-year

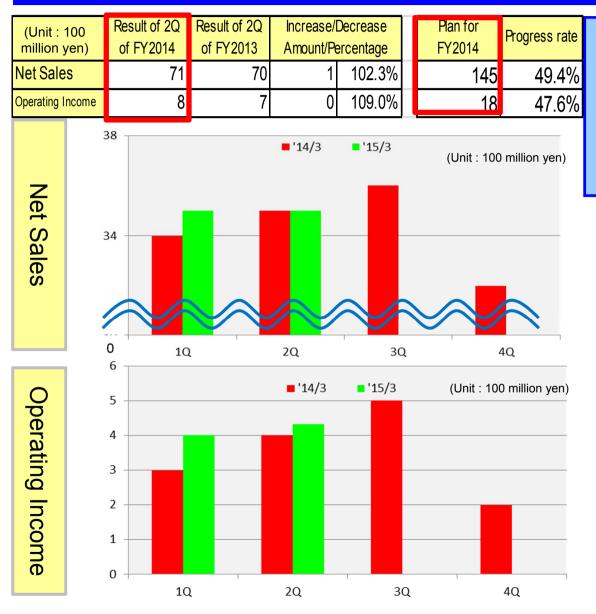


<Other>

Advertising expenditures were injected with an aim to expand functional foods mail order business



◆Both revenue and income increased year-on-year.



[Overview of the 2nd Quarter of FY2014]

Although the costs for the electricity use and transportation rose, profit is stable because storage fees increased.





(Unit : 100 million yen)							Ма
	Result of 2Q of FY2014	%	Result of 2Q of FY2013	%	Increase /Decrease	%	[No
Net Sales	3,022		2,916		106	3.7	
Gross Profit	648	21.4	602	20.7	46	7.7	•
SGA expenses	545		549		(3)		
Operating Income	102	3.4	53	1.8	49	93.2	• ;
Non-Operating Income	29		24		5		
Non-Operating Expenses	17		20		(2)		Bre
Ordinary Income	115	3.8	57	2.0	57	99.4	【Ex 1 ^s
Extraordinary Income	3		20		(16)		• (
Extraordinary Expenses	12		10		2		•
Income before taxes	106	3.5	68	2.3	38	56.3	
Income taxes - current	27		26		0		•
Income taxese - deferred	14		5		8		
Income before minority interest	64		35		29		•
Minority interest income	5		3		1		
Net Income	58	2.0	31	1.1	27	85.3	

Major Causes of Fluctuations

[Non-operating]	Income/Expenses】
-----------------	------------------

- Gain on sales of investments securities:
 - Approx. +600 million yen
- Equity in earnings of affiliates : Approx.+ 600 million yen Subsidy Income :
 - Approx. 600 million yen, ...etc.

Breakdown

- [Extraordinary Income(loss)] 1st Half of FY2013
- Gain on sales of noncurrent assets : Approx. 1,400 million yen
- Reversal of impairment loss :
 - Approx. 300 million yen Loss on sales of stocks of subsidiaries and affiliates :
 - Approx. 600 million yen

FY2014

Loss from mortality of tuna by unexpected and rapid change in the environment: Approx. 800 million yen

Consolidated Balance Sheet (Y-on-Y)



(Unit : 100 million yen)									
		Breakdown of	Increas	se/Decrease					
Current Assets	Current Liabilities	Assets	+142	Current	+187	Cash and deposit	+6		
2,285	2,073			Assets		Accounts receivable	+36		
(+187)	(+110)					Merchandise and Finished Goods	+61		
						Work in process	+33		
						Others	+47		
	Non-current Liabilities			Non-current	(44)	Property, Plant and Equipments	(6)		
	1,469			Assets		Intangiblie Assets	(15)		
	(-47)					Investments and other assets	(23)		
Non-current Assets		Liabilities	+63	Current	+110	Accounts payable	+10		
2,174				Liabilities		Short-term loans payable	+85		
(-44)	Net Assets					Others	+22		
	916			Non-current	(47)	Long-term loans payable	(38)		
	(+79)			Liabilities		Net defined benefit liability	(8)		
				Net Assets	+79	Retained Earnings	+59		
	Inc. Total Shareholder's Equity					Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities	+17		
Total Assets	741					Foreign Currency Translation adjustment	(4)		
4,459	(+78)					Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	+2		
(+142)	Ratio of shareholder's equity: 16.6%	Ratio of share	nolder':	s equity: '14	/3 1	5.4% → '14/9 16.6%			

() indicates the variance to 4Q of FY2013.

Consolidated Loans Payable & Net Interest Cost



	(millon yen)				
	'14/9	'13/9	Increase/ Decrease	Breakdown	'14/9	'13/9	Y-on-Y
				Income before income taxes and minority interests	106	68	38
				Depreciation and amortization	74	78	(4)
				Increase(decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	0	(11)	11
				Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method	(6)	0	(6)
				Gain on sales of noncurrent assets	(3)	(14)	11
Operating Activities	5	(3)	9	Loss on disaster	8	-	8
				Reversal of impairment loss	-	(3)	3
				Loss on sales of stocks of subsidiaries and affiliates	-	6	(6)
				Increase(decrease) on working capital	(147)	(113)	(34)
				Income taxes paid	(31)	(29)	(1)
				Others	3	13	(9)
				Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(57)	(48)	(8)
				Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	3	32	(28)
Investing Activities	(00)	(27)	(50)	Purchase of investment securities	(52)	(19)	(32)
Investing Activities	(90)	(37)	(52)	Proceeds from sales of investment securities	41	14	27
				Proceeds from redemption of investments securities	30	-	30
				Decrease(Increase) in short-term loans receivable	(46)	(25)	(21)
				Increase(Decrease) in short-term loans payable	74	93	(18)
Financing Activities	56	27	28	Proceeds from long-term loans payable	50	22	27
				Repayment of long-term loans payable	(63)	(82)	19
Cash and cash							
equivalent at end of period	107	175	(67)				

> "Other" of operating activities includes decrease in accounts receivable.

Consolidated Lo	onsolidated Loans Payable & Net Interest Cost									
(Unit : 100 million yen)						Compariosn with				
Overseas Subsidiaries	0.500					the 4Q of FY2013				
Domestic Subsidiaries	2,500	515	492	426	392	(33)				
Non-consolidated	2,000	- 166	174	164	189	+24				
		1,946	2,008	1,971	2,027	+ 55				
	1,500	'13/3	'13/9	'14/3	'14/9					
Total Debt		2,626	2,673	2,561	2,608	+47				
Short-term		1,307	1,425	1,278	1,364	+85				
Long-term		1,319	1,248	1,282	1,244	(38)				
Average interest of short-term	loans payable	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%	0.7%	(0.1%)				
Average interest of long-term I	oans payable	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	(0.0%)				
Net Interest		18.1	8.4	16.9	6.9					
Ratio of Net Interest Cost on Oper	rating Income	31%	16%	12%	7%	✓ Impact of exchange				
Interest expenses		37.6	16.7	32.7	14.7	conversion				
Interest income		9.3	2.8	4.7	1.8	Comparison with the 4Q of FY2013				
Dividend income		10.1	5.4	11.0	6.0	- 900 million yen				
Exchange Rate (per US\$1	.00)	@86.58(End of Dec.)	@98.59(End of Jun.)	@105.39(End of Dec.)	@101.36(End of Jun.)	Comparison with the 2Q of FY2013 +2,700 million yen				



(Unit : 100 million yen)						
	Result of 2Q of FY2014	%	Result of 2Q of FY2013	%	Increase/ Dcerease	%
Net Sales	1,736		1,643		93	5.7
Gross Profit	336	19.4	327	20.0	8	2.6
SGA Expenses	318		315		2	
Operating Income	18	1.1	12	0.8	5	46.9
Non-Operating Income	15		16		(0)	
Non-Operating expenses	11		17		(5)	
Ordinary Income	22	1.3	11	0.7	11	97.3
Extraordinary Income	0		15		(15)	
Extarordinary Expenses	2		2		(0)	
Income before taxes	20	1.2	24	1.5	(3)	(15.1)
Income taxes - current	1		1		0	
Income taxes - deferred	7		6		1	
Net Income	11	0.7	16	1.0	(4)	(29.9)

Main Causes of Fluctuations

[Non-Operating Income/Expenses]

 Decrease in reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts :

Approx. 400 million yen

 Decrease in interest expenses : Approx. 100 million yen

Breakdown

- 【Extraordinary Income(loss)】 1H of FY2013
- Gain on sales of noncurrent assets : Approx. 1,300 million yen
- Gain on sales of investment securities : Approx. 100 million yen



Consolidated business plan announced on May 15, 2014, was revised in the light of the result of FY2014 2nd quarter and future outlook, while non-consolidated business plan announced on May 15, 2014, remains unchanged.

Consolidated

(Unit : 100 million yen)

	Result of 2Q of % FY2014	Plan for 1H of % FY2014	Progress rate	Revised plan % for FY2014	Progress rate	Plan for FY2014 %	Progress rate
Net Sales	3,022	2,960	102.1%	6,100	49.6%	6,030	50.1%
Opearting Income	102 3.4%	64 2.2%	160.2%	175 2.9%	58.6%	155 2.6%	66.1%
Ordinary Income	115 3.8%	61 2.1%	188.8%	200 3.3%	57.6%	160 2.7%	72.0%
Net Income	58 2.0%	15 0.5%	393.3%	105 1.7%	56.2%	73 1.2%	80.8%

Non-consolidated

	Result of 2Q of FY2014	%	Plan for FY2014	%	Progress rate
Net Sales	1,736		3,280		52.9%
Operating Income	18	1.1%	34	1.0%	53.9%
Oridinary Income	22	1.3%	51	1.6%	43.9%
Net Income	11	0.7%	37	1.1%	31.0%

Exchange rate among overseas subsidiaries	Actual exchange rate for FY2014(Yen) (at the end of June 30)	Adjusted exchange rate for FY2014(Yen)
US Dollars	101.36	108.00
Euro	138.31	138.87
Denmark Krone	18.55	18.66

Key Points of Revisions to the Consolidated Financial Forecasts for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2015



Overseas affiliates are generally performing well but there is a concern for a downward swing in the South American marine products business.

<Fishery Business> Southern blue whiting catch is projected to be weak. <Salmon/trout Aquaculture Business> Valuation on the fish in aquaculture ponds is in a state of flux, partly due to a projected cost increase.

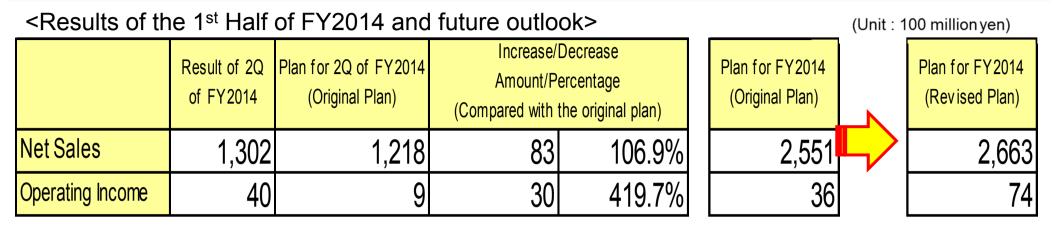
- > Future outlook on fish price is unclear, due in part to the impact of Russia's ban on imports.
- The Fine Chemicals business is expected to post lower-than-projected sales and operating income because of the impact of a government-led drive to promote the use of generic drugs and a delay in recovery, from a recoil of the consumption tax hike.
- An increase in *surimi* cost as a raw material and a rapidly progressing depreciation of the yen in the recent months have given rise to concerns about possible cost increases.



(Unit : 100 million yen)

	Revised plan for FY2014	Result of FY2013	Increase /Decrease	Plan for FY2014 (Original Plan)	Revised plan as of June 2014
Net Sales	6,100	6,042	57	6,030	70
Marine Products Business	2,663	2,538	124	2,551	112
Food Products Business	2,853	2,826	26	2,843	10
Fine Business	262	285	(23)	293	(31)
Logistics	144	138	5	145	(1)
Others	178	252	(74)	198	(20)
Operating Income	175	139	35	155	20
Marine Products Business	74	50	23	36	38
Food Products Business	64	27	36	59	5
Fine Business	43	75	(32)	68	(25)
Logistics	17	15	1	18	(1)
Others	7	12	(5)	6	1
Common Costs	(30)	(41)	11	(32)	2
Ordinary Income	200	123	76	160	40
Net Income	105	37	67	73	32





(Consolidated)

 Valuation on the fish in aquaculture ponds in South America

> While unrealized income for the 2nd Quarter of FY2014 was approximately 1,200 million yen, it will be reduced to approximately 100 too 200 million yen by the end of the fiscal year.

(Non-consolidated)

Enhanced sophistication of the aquaculture business

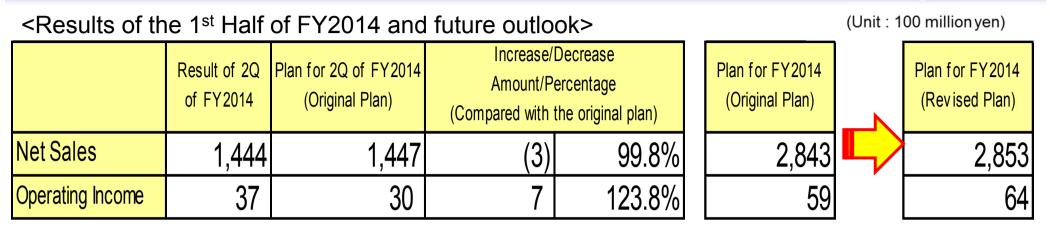
Development of compound feed for Bluefin tuna larvae/complete cultivation of Bluefin Tuna. →Ongoing research and development towards

commercialization.

- Promoting the use of marine products as cooking ingredients (Range of marine products tailored to the shapes and tastes required by individual users.)
- Response to the market conditions of marine products

Efforts will be made to prevent dead stock through thorough inventory control, and to capture year-end demand.





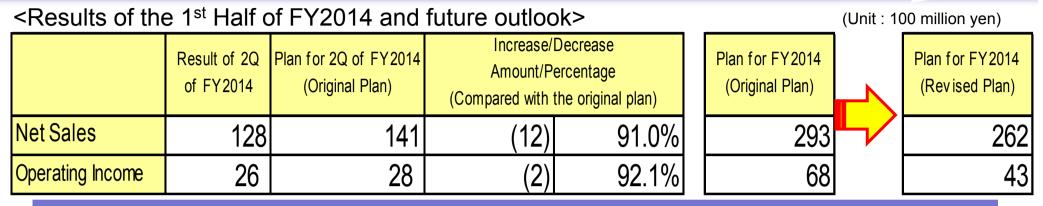
(Consolidated)

- In North America, efforts will be focused on improving productivity through a readjustment of unprofitable items and increasing sales of priority items.
- In Europe, continued efforts will be made to increase sales of chilled products, which have been selling well.

(Non-consolidated)

- Response to a rise in *surimi* prices and an exchange rate increase
 - Stepped-up efforts to reduce costs and improve productivity.
 - A price hike of fish paste products
- Focused on priority items
- Growing trend of the markets consisting of single-person households and senior citizens
 - Marketing of products for dining alone and single-serving items that are finished in one sitting.





Operating income : Difference (Year-on-year) with initial projection :

- 600 million yen \rightarrow -3,100 million yen = Down by -2,500 million yen

<Main reason for the increase/decrease of operating income: Plan for FY2014>

(Unit : 100 million yen)

	Deta	ils	Revised plan for FY2014 (Year-on-year difference)	Initial plan for FY2014 (Year-on-year difference)	Increase /Decrease	Remarks
	Pharmaceutical raw	Impact of NHI price revision	(3)	(3)	0	
	materials Non-	Impact of generic drugs	(12)	0 (12)		Decreased sales : Approx. 20% decrease in sales volume Decreased factory operation
Non- consolidated		Injection of advertisement expenditures	(3)	(3)	0	
		Increased sales due to advertisement	(1)	3	(4)	
	R&D expenses	Additional investment	(5)	(3)	(2)	New development, efficacy research, etc.
	Subtotal		(24)	(6)	(18)	
Consolidated	PharmaceuticalWeak consumer spending due to consumption tax hike, etc.		(7)	0	(7)	
	Tota	al	(31)	(6)	(25)	





regulations about the functional labeling system



(Unit · 100 million ven)

	(Unit . T												on yen)			
	Japa	an	North Ai	merica	South A	merica	Asia		Europe		Sub Total		Consolidated Adjustment		Grand Total	
Marine	2,042	74	437	16	295	(11)	156	(4)	496	17	3,428	91	(765)	20	2,663	112
Products	1,967		421		307		160		479		3,337		(786)		2,551	
Food	3,031	38	576	(12)			56	0	193	(8)	3,857	18	(1,004)	(8)	2,853	10
Products	2,992		588				56		202		3,839		(996)		2,843	
Fine Chemicals	277	(31)					2	0			279	(31)	(17)	0	262	(31)
	308						2				311		(18)		293	
Logistics	231	0							-		231	0	(87)	(1)	144	(1)
LOGISTICS	231										231		(86)		145	
Others	229	(45)					1	0			230	(44)	(52)	24	178	(20)
Outers	274						1				275		(77)		198	
Sub Total	5,810	35	1,013	4	295	(11)	217	(3)	690	8	8,028	32				
Sub Total	5,775		1,009		307		221		682		7,996					
Consolidated	(1,412)	21	(199)	(6)	(201)	21	(106)	0	(7)	(0)			(1,928)	37		
Adjustment	(1,434)		(193)		(223)		(107)		(7)				(1,966)			
Grand Total	4,398	57	814	(2)	94	10	111	(3)	683	8					6,100	70
Granu Total	4,341		816		84		114		675						6,030	

• The upper columns indicates the revised plan for FY2014 and the lower columns indicates the original plan for FY2014. The Italic figures mean increase/decrease.

• Consolidated Adjustment include elimination between the group companies.



(Unit: 100 million yen)

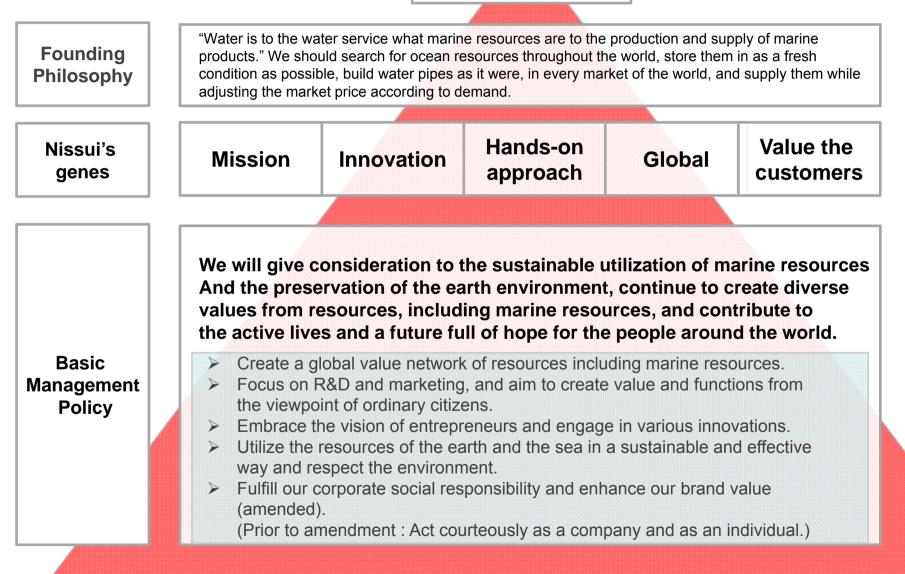
	Jaj	pan		orth erica		South America		Asia		Europe		Common Costs Sub		Sub Total		Consolidated Adjustment		Total
Marine	36	8	4	2	42	35	2	1	10	2			96	50	(22)	(12)	74	38
Products	27		2		6		1		7				46		(10)		36	
Food	35	1	18	2			1	0	15	4			71	9	(7)	(4)	64	5
Products	34		15				1		11				61		(2)		59	
Fine Chemicale	42	(25)					0	0					43	(25)	(0)	0	43	(25)
Fine Chemicals	68						0						68		(0)		68	
Logistico	16	(0)											16	(0)	0	(0)	17	(1)
Logistics	17								_				17		0		18	
Others	6	0					0	0					6	0	0	0	7	1
Outlets	6						0						6		(0)		6	
Common Costs									_		(30)	1	(30)	1	0	0	(30)	2
Common Costs											(32)		(32)		0		(32)	
Sub Total	138	(15)	22	4	42	35	4	1	26	7	(30)	1	203	35				
Sub Total	153		17		6		3		19		(32)		168					
Consolidated	(10)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(7)	(8)	(0)	(0)	(8)	(1)	0	0			(28)	(15)		
Adjustment	(7)		0		1		(0)		(7)		0				(13)			
Grand Total	128	(18)	20	2	35	27	4	1	18	6	(30)	2					175	20
Grand Total	146		18		8		3		12		(32)						155	

• The upper columns indicates the revised plan for FY2014 and the lower columns indicates the original plan for FY2014. The Italic figures mean increase/decrease.

• Consolidated Adjustment include amortization of goodwill and unrealized income in inventory.

Basic Management Policy of the New Medium-Term Management Plan (Draft)

Nissui's origins



ONISSUI



- Nissui's Vision of the Future "Nissui will aim to become a manufacturer that continues to create diverse value from resources including marine resources."
- Keywords towards the realization of the vision

	Food Products	Marine Products	FC
Enhance the EPA business and attempt to develop new uses and pharmaceuticals	0		0
Utilize functional lipid technology in all businesses	0	0	0
Evolve and deepen prepared foods and marine food ingredients	0	0	
Enhance the sophistication of aquaculture	0	0	
Expand the seasonings and marine product extracts business	0	0	0
Pursue growth on overseas markets	0	0	0



EPA has a wide range of effects in addition to lowering triglyceride levels. EPA supports youth and beauty from within the body. The health benefits of EPA

Keeps the blood vessels young and healthy



Reduces allergies

Anti-inflammatory effects

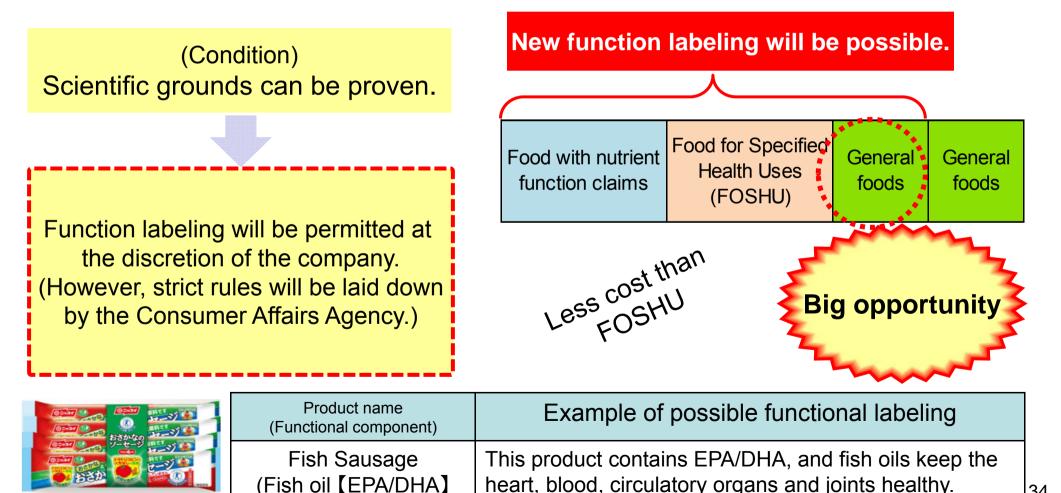


Improves hyperglycemia

Reduces skin damage caused by ultraviolet rays



The governments is considering easing the regulations about the function labeling system as a way of expanding the functional foods market for the purpose of reducing medical expenses.



Food Products Business: Marketing of value-added products





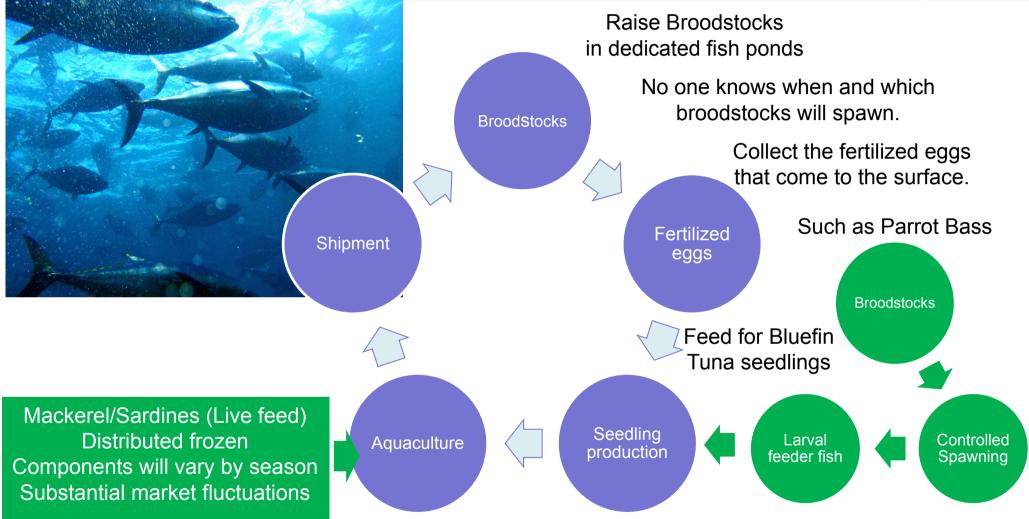
Response to the changing market, including the increase in the number of senior citizens

8000 25 19 years old and younger 20 6000 20-64 years old 65-74 years old 15 4000 75 years old and older 10 Aging population rate (Ratio of population of 65 2000 ears old and older to total population) 5 0 0 1985年 2000年 2005年 2010年 2015年 2020年 2025年 2030年 2040年 2045年 2050年 1950年 1955年 1960年 1965年 1970年 1975年 1980年 1990年 1995年 2035年 2055年 2060年 Actual figure Estimates Source: Population Statistics Materials (National Institute of Population and Social Security Research)

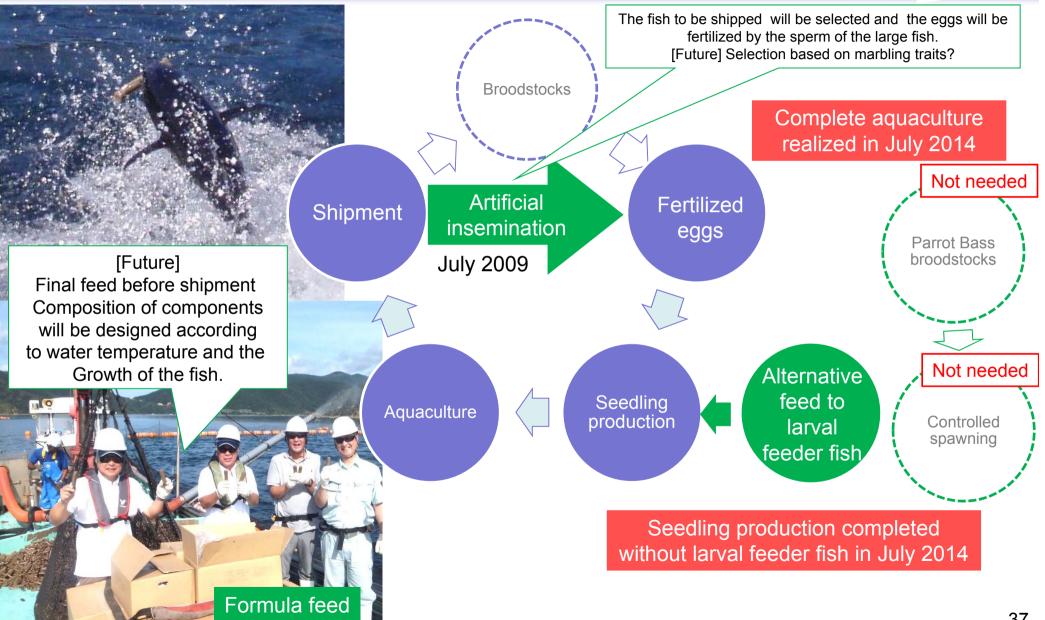
Prepared on the basis of http://www.ipss.go.jp/syoushika/tohkei/Popular/Popular2014.asp?chap=0

Marine Products Business: Enhanced sophistication of the aquaculture business





Marine Products Business: Enhanced sophistication of the aquaculture business



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Disclaimer regarding forward-looking statements



This presentation contains forward-looking statements regarding Nissui's business projections for the current term and future terms. All forward-looking statements are based on rational judgement of management derived from the information currently available to it, and the Company provides no assurances that these projections will be achieved.

Please be advised that the actual business performance may differ from these business projections due to changes of various factors. Significant factors which may affect the actual business performance includes but are not limited to the changes in the market economy and product demand, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, and amendments to various international and Japanese systems and laws.

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November 14, 2014

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http://www.nissui.co.jp/english/index.html

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