

## Interim Financial Results for Fiscal Year 2011

# <image>

## Nippon Suisan Kaisha, Ltd. 21 Nov, 2011 TSE Cord: 1332 Contact: General Affairs & Public Relations Dept. Public Relations Section

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http://www.nissui.co.jp/english/index.html

#### Global Links & Local Links 2011 (as of Sept. 30, 2011)

Glo	ilobal Links & Local Links 2011 (as of Sept. 30, 2011) Black : Consolidated Total 64												
Cor	mpared with	n Q2 of FY2010		s applied equity meth	nod Total 39								
		Fishery	Aquaculture	Processed Foods	Trading /Wholesale	Logistics	Pharmaceuticals /Others						
	Japan	Kyowa Suisan	Kurose Suisan Nakatani Suisan	Nippon Cookery Mogami Foods Hakata Marukita Suisan NIPPO SHOKUHIN Delmar Hachikan Kunihiro Kaneko Shokuhin Sasaya Tomisou Tokyo Kitaichi	YTC Kurahashi Hiroshima Suisan Daisui Maruuo Suisan K-Teion Housui Suisan Ryutsu	Nissui Logistic Carry Net Hokkaido Nissui	Nissui Pharmaceutical Nippon Marine Enterprise Nissui Marine Industries Hokkaido Fine Chemicals						
	N. America	UniSea Bering Sea Partners Glacier Fish Company		Gorton's King & Prince		New consolidate changed to cons equity method	olidated from						
	S. America	PESPASA PESANTAR DOSA (EMDEPES/FRIOSUR)	Salmones Antartica Netuno International		Nordsee								
	Europe			Cite Marine	Nordic Seafood Europacifico								
	Asia/ Oceania	Sealord	Nissui Indonesia	NIGICO Nissui Thailand Thai Delmar SANNIS Taimei	Nissui(S'pore)		TN Fine Chemicals	2					



# Overview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of FY2011



(Unit : 100 million yen)

	'11/9	%	'10/9	%	Increase /decrease	%	FY2011 Plan	FY2010 Results
Net Sales	2,717		2,372		345		5,250	4,942
Gross Profit	616	22.7	550	23.2	66	12.0		
SGA expenses	552		516		35			
Operating Income	63	2.3	33	1.4	30	91.7	120	80
Non-operating income	17		10		7			
Non-operating expenses	27		36		▲ 8			
Ordinary Income	52	1.9	6	0.3	45	671.6	110	62
Extraordinary income	0		2		<b>▲</b> 1			
Extraordinary loss	16		7		8			
Income before income taxes	37	1.4	1	0.1	35	-	-	9
Income taxes - current	18		14		3			
Income taxes - deferred	1		▲ 2		4			
Minority interest in income	<b>▲</b> 3		3		<b>▲</b> 6			
Net income (Loss)	20	0.8	<b>▲</b> 13	▲ 0.6	33	-	55	<b>▲</b> 9



(Unit : 100 million yen)

Current Assets	Liabilities	Breakdown	of Ind	crease/Decrease
1,987	3,373	Current	+114	•
(+114)	(+111)	Assets		Notes and accounts receivable +79 Inventory +100
Inc. Inventory 896	Inc. Loans payable 2,512	Noncurrent Assets	+16	Property, plant and equipment ▲30 Intangible assets +35 Investments and other assets +11
(+100)	2,512	Liabilities	+111	Notes and accounts payable +39
	(+82)			Loans payable +82
		Net Assets	+19	Retained earnings
Noncurrent Assets	Net Assets			Accumulated other comprehensive income <sup>(Note 1)</sup> +13 Minority interests +11
2,101	715			
(+16)	(+19)			translation adjustment : + 1,000 million yen
Total Assets	Inc. Total Shareholder's Equity	Nordic Seafood	+12,000 mi	to new consolidated subsidiaries llion yen ·5,100 million yen, Inventory : +3,900 million yen and other)
4,089	520			
(+130)	(+8)			

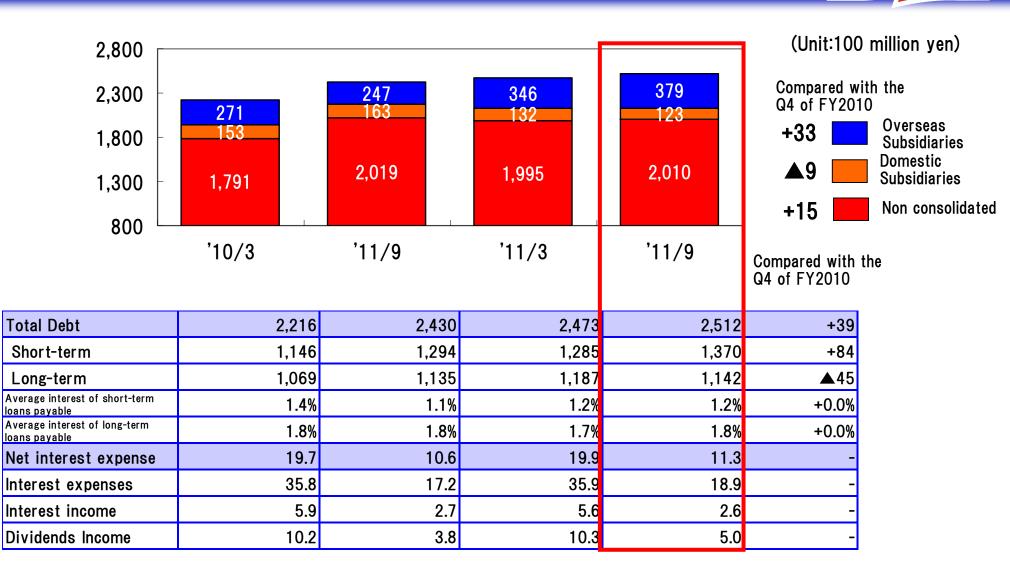
() indicates variance to 2Q of FY2010.



#### (Unit : 100 million yen)

	'11/9	'10/9	Y-on-Y	Breakdown	'11/9	'10/9	Y-on-Y
				Income before income taxes	37	1	35
Onersting estivities	30	▲19	FO	Depreciation and amortiization	81	80	1
Operating activities	30	<b>A</b> 19	50	Decrease in provision for retirement benefits	▲1	▲11	9
				Increase of working capital	▲76	▲81	5
				Increase of investment securities	5	3	2
				Purchase of property, plant and equipment	▲68	▲74	6
Investment activities	▲77	▲99	21	Purchase of intangible assets	▲22	▲13	▲9
		_00		Proceeds from purchase of investments in subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation	-	▲35	35
				Increase (Decrease) in short-term loans receivable	8	27	<b>▲</b> 18
				Increase in short-term loan	53	125	▲71
Financing activitites	21	183	▲162	Increase (Decrease) in long-term loan	<b>▲</b> 10	79	▲89
				Cash dividents paid	<b>▲</b> 13	▲13	0
Balance of cash and cash equivalent at end of period	145	267	▲121				c

#### Overview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of FY2011 Consolidated Loans Payable & Net Interest Payments



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#### Overview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of FY2011 Y-to-Y Comparison of Turnover by Segment Matrix



(Unit:100 million yen)

	Japa	an	North A	merica	South A	merica	As	ia	Euro	ope	S.To	tal	Consolidation .	Adjustments	G.To	tal
Marine	862	(49)	148	(8)	177	(82)	67	(19)	215	(191)	1,472	(352)	▲341	(▲30)	1,130	(322)
Products	812		140		94		48		23		1,119		▲311		808	
Food	1,450	(51)	224	( <b>&amp;</b> 8)			27	(7)	53	(13)	1,756	(64)	▲429	(▲54)	1,326	(9)
Products	1,399		233				19		40		1,692		▲375		1,316	
Fine	136	(4)					0	(0)			137	(4)	▲8	(🔺 1)	128	(3)
Chemicals	132						0				132		▲7		125	
Logistics	98	(5)									98	(5)	▲37	(▲3)	60	(2)
Logistics	92										92		▲33		58	
Other	108	(15)					0	(0)			109	(15)	▲38	(▲7)	70	(7)
Other	93						0				94		▲30		63	
S.total	2,656	(126)	373	(0)	177	(82)	96	(27)	269	(205)	3,573	(442)				
5.10181	2,529		373		94		68		64		3,130					
Consolidation	▲621	(▲24)	▲77	(🔺 19)	▲93	(▲30)	▲55	(🔺 14)	▲8	(▲8)			▲855	(197)		
Adjustments	▲596		▲58		▲62		▲41		▲0				▲758			
G.Total	2,035	(102)	296	(🔺 18)	84	(51)	40	(12)	261	(197)					2,717	(345)
G. TOTAL	1,933		315		32		27		63						2,372	

[Main Reasons for increase of Turnover]

Marine: Japan: Non-consolidated South America : NETUNO, SALMONES ANTARTICA Europe : NORDIC SEAFOOD

Food: Japan : Non-consolidated, DELMAR Europe : CITE MARINE

>Influence on net sales due to appreciating yen (Estimated) Consolidated **A**3,100 million yen

>Upper Column indicates the results of Q2 of FY2011, lower column indicates that of FY2010. Figures in superscript on the right indicate increase/decrease.

>Consolidation adjustment include elimination of net sales among the group companies.

Net sales of 2 new consolidated companies (before consolidation adjustments) Nordic Seafood and Netuno : Total ; 23,500 million yen

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#### Overview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of FY2011 Y-to-Y Comparison of Operating income by Segment Matrix



(Unit:100 million yen)

	Jap	an	North A	America	South /	America	A	sia	Eur	ope	Comr	non	S.T	otal	Commo to be dis		Consoli Adjust		G.To	otal
Marine	12	(13)	4	(6)	5	(0)	▲5	(▲0)	3	(3)			20	(23)	▲9	( <b>4</b> 2)	3	(5)	13	(26)
Products	▲1		▲2		4		▲5		0				▲3		▲6		▲2		<b>▲</b> 12	
Food	38	(3)	5	(0)			▲3	(▲1)	3	(0)			43	(3)	<b>▲</b> 13	(▲3)	▲2	(1)	26	(1)
Products	34		4				▲1		2				39		<b>▲</b> 10		▲4		24	
Fine	35	(8)					0	(0)			-		36	(8)	▲3	(▲3)	0	(10)	32	(4)
Chemicals	27						▲0						27		▲0		0		27	
Logistics	7	(0)											7	(0)			▲0	(10)	6	(10)
LUGISTICS	6												6				0		7	
Other	2	(1)					0	(▲0)					2	(1)	▲0	(10)	0	(0)	2	(1)
Other	0						0						1		▲0		0		1	
Common											<b>▲</b> 45	(🔺 13)	<b>▲</b> 45	(🔺 13)	27	(10)	▲0	(10)	<b>▲</b> 18	(▲3)
Common											▲32		▲32		17		0		<b>▲</b> 15	
S.total	95	(27)	9	(7)	5	(0)	▲8	(▲1)	7	(4)	<b>▲</b> 45	(🔺 13)	63	(24)						
0.1014	68		2		4		▲7		3		▲32		38							
Consolidation	<b>▲</b> 23	(47)	▲3	(3)	8	(8)	▲1	(▲1)	▲2	( <b>4</b> 2)	22	(5)					0	(5)		
Adjustments	<b>▲</b> 16		▲6		▲0		0		▲0		17						▲5			
G.Total	72	(19)	6	(10)	13	(9)	▲9	( <b>▲</b> 2)	4	(1)	▲23	( <b>4</b> 8)							63	(30)
G. Total	52		▲4		4		▲6		2		<b>▲</b> 15								33	

[ Main reasons for increase of Operating income ]

Marine: Japan : Non-consolidated, Nakatani Suisan, North America : UNISEA South America : Salmones Antartica Europe : NORDIC SEAFOOD

Fine Chemical: Japan : Non-consolidated, NISSUI PHARMA

[Main reasons for decease of Operating income]

Marine: South America: NETUNO, DOSA ASIA: Non-consolidated, INDONESIA

>Upper Column indicates the results of the Q2 of FY2011, lower column indicates that of FY2010. Figures in superscript indicate increase/decrease.

>Common Cost to be distributed which used to be included in consolidation adjustment is separated.

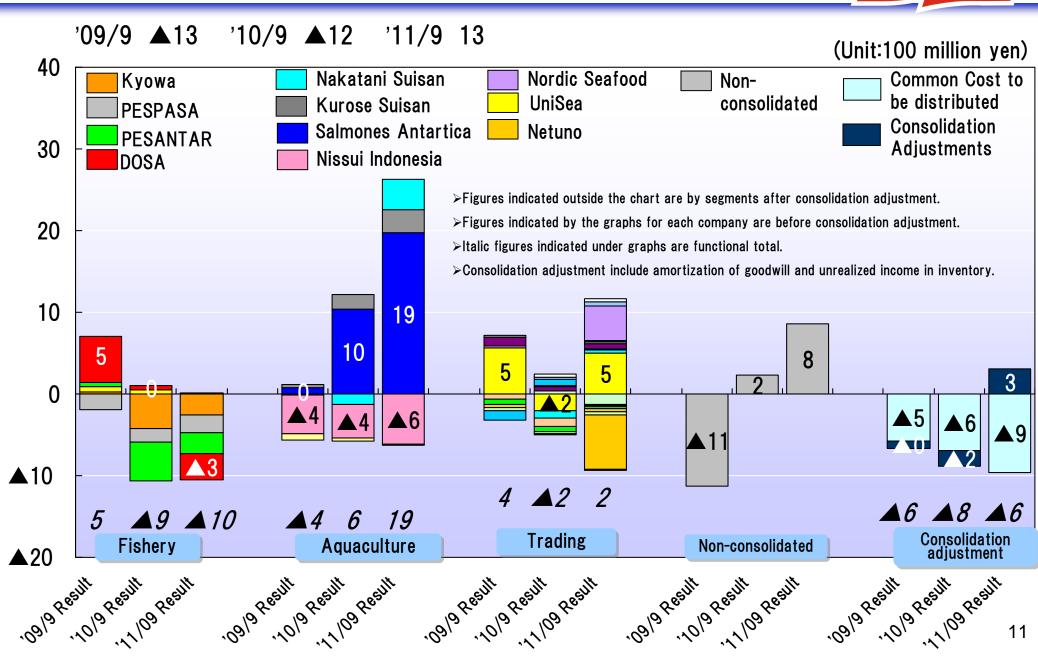
>Consolidation adjustment include amortization of goodwill and unrealized in inventory.



# Overview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of FY2011 Marine Product Business

**Overview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of FY2011 (Marine Products)** 

Y-on-Y comparison of Operating income by Business Segment & Group companies



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#### **Overview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of FY2011** Marine Food Business (Non-consolidated)

	(Unit	: 1,000 ton / 1	00 million y	ven) 400 -				I, KUTIII, TISN OIIS and TISN me Other (including exports)
	Net S	Sales	Operating Inc		/			
	Quantity	Amount	Amoun					Bulk sales
'11/09 Result	143	540		250 - <b>8</b> 200 -				Food service
'10/09 Result	131	497		2 150				Food processing
	•			100				Pood processing
				50 - 0		1		Central and regional marine product whole
Quantity, Sales	amount and U	nit hv fish sn	ecies	/11-	'11/3 2Q	'12/3 2	L	sale
'11/09 Results				(Ur	it Guantity ton,	Y-on-Y	million ye	en, Unit Price: yen/kilo)
	Quantity	Net Sales		Increase/decrease in Quantity	Increase/Decrease of Sales amount		Difference in unit	Rate of change of unit sales price
Fish meal and Fish oil	143,018	540	378	12,063 9.2 %		45	▲ 2	<b>▲</b> 0.5 %
				0.2 /0	0.7 70			
Total	73,285	5 443	605	12,369 20.3 %		79	▲ 26	▲ 5.8 %
[Main Fish] Salmon/Trout	20,017		768	3,470		26	3	
Surimi	15,639		278	2,313		8	<b>▲</b> 11	<b>▲</b> 20.3 %
Shrimp	4,689		901	504		4	<u>▲ 1</u>	<b>▲</b> 4.5 %
Pollack Roe	3,042		997	223		2	<u>▲ 0</u>	
Crab	1,590	25	1,627	245	/	3	4	19.0 %
Fish Meal/Oil	69,733	96	139	▲ 306 ▲ 0.4 %			▲ 9	▲ 8.6 %

Net Sales by category (Y-to-Y) \* Net Sales of controlled fish species excluding surimi, kurill, fish oils and fish meal.



(Unit: 100 million yen)

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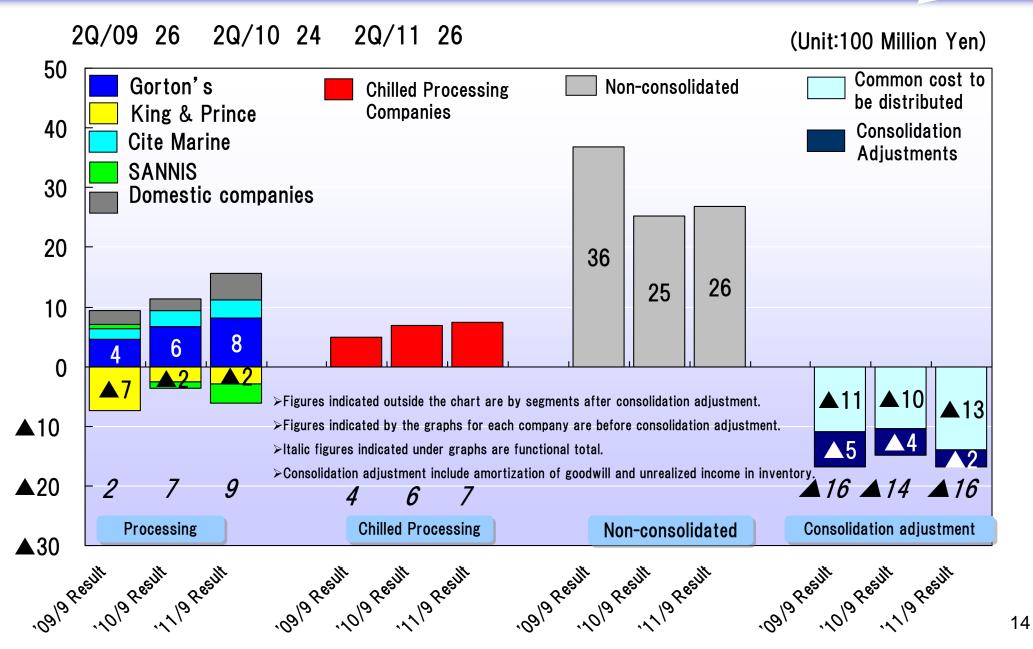


# Overview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of FY2011 (Food Product Business)

## Overview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of FY2011 (Food Products)

Y-on-Y Comparison of Operating income by Business Segment & Group companies





#### Overview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of FY2011 Food Product Business (Non-consolidated)

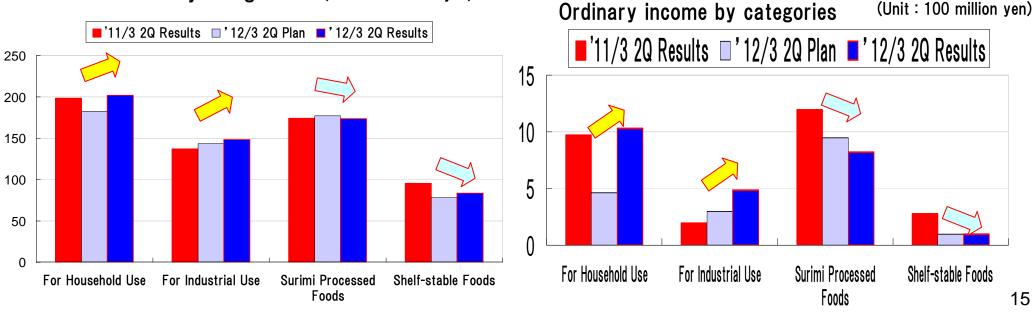


(Quantity: 1,000 ton / Amount :100 million yen / Unit Price: yen/kilo

	'11	/09 Result	S	'10	Ratio of Increase/		
	Quantity	Amount	Unit Price (Yen)	Quantity	Amount	Unit Price (Yen)	Decrease in price
Frozen Cooked Foods for Household Use	24.8	201	813	23.8	198	835	101.7%
Frozen Cooked Foods for Industrial Use	27.9	148	533	25.7	137	535	108.2%
Frozen Agricultural Foods	13.1	44	340	12.4	42	345	104.4%
Surimi Processed Foods	29.8	173	583	28.5	174	611	99.7%
Shelf-stable foods		120			125		96.5%
Total		689			677		101.7%

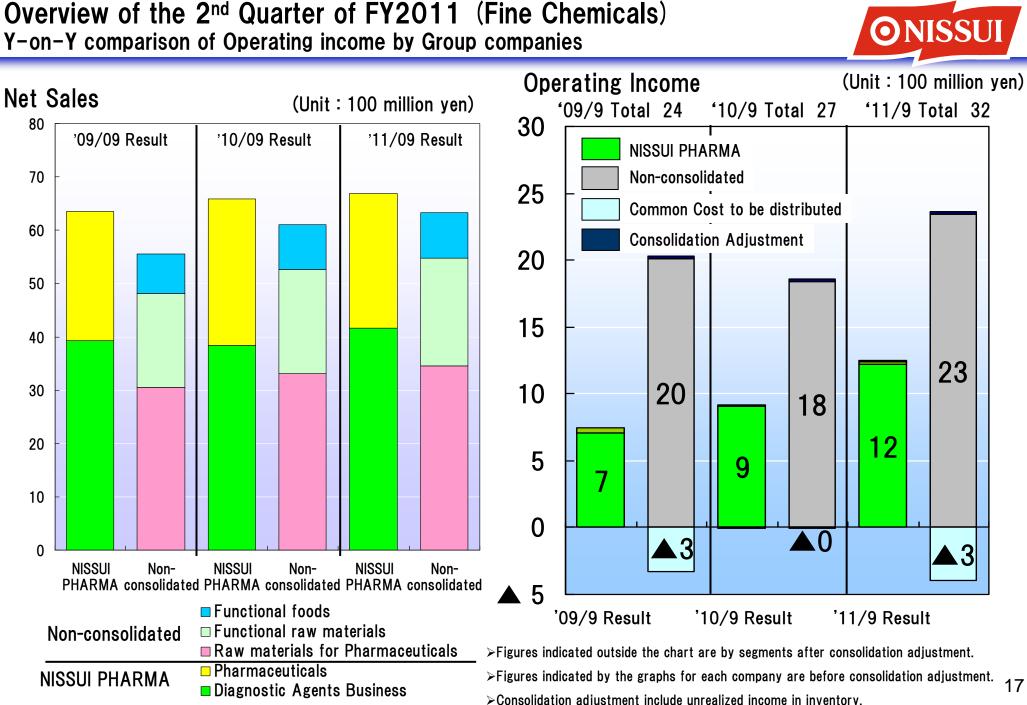
\* Quantity and Unit Price of Shelf-stable Foods is not included as unit of quantity is different.

Net Sales by categories (Unit: 100 million yen)



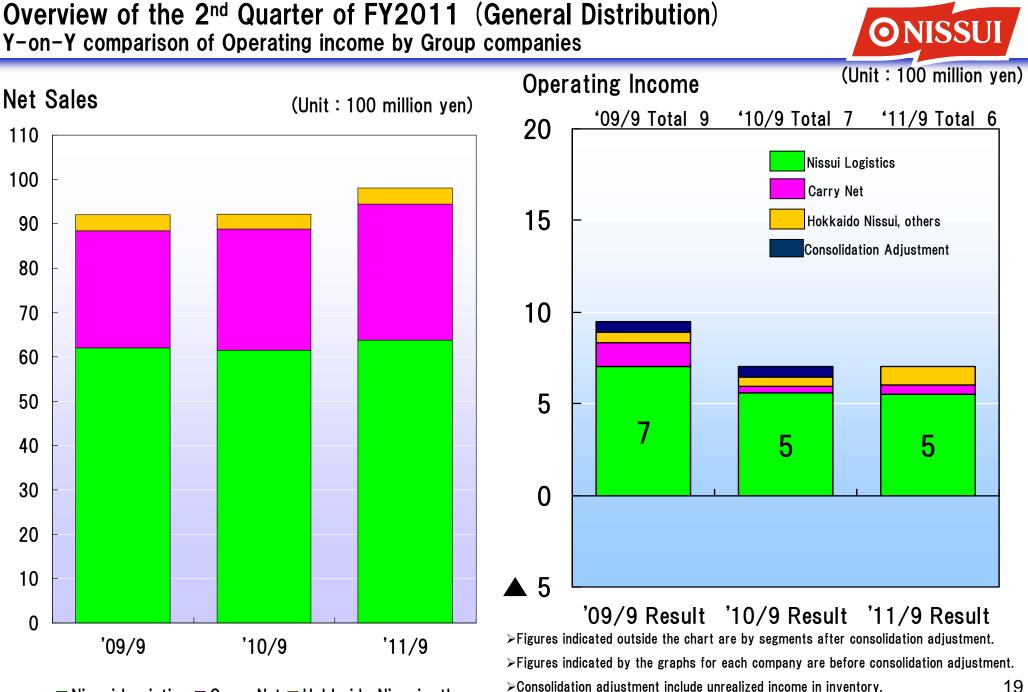


# **Overview of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of FY2011** (Fine Chemical Business)





## **Overview of the 2nd Quarter of FY2011** (General Distribution)



■ Nissui Logistics ■ Carry Net ■ Hokkaido Nissui, other

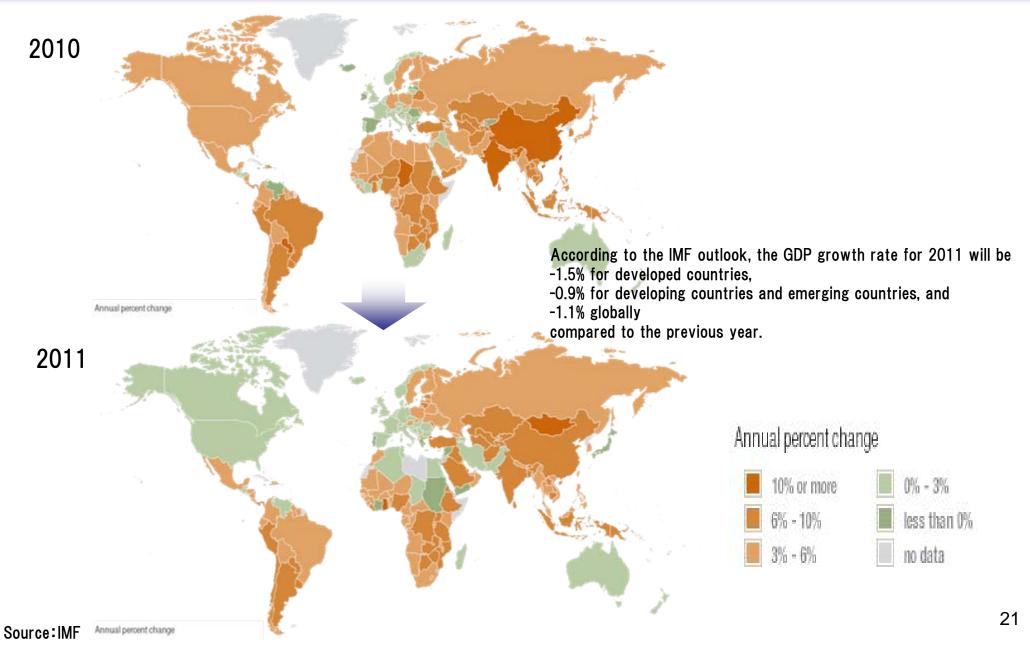
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# Environment surrounding the business

## **Global economic outlook by IMF – GDP growth rate**





## **Consumer Price Index and Unemployment rate**



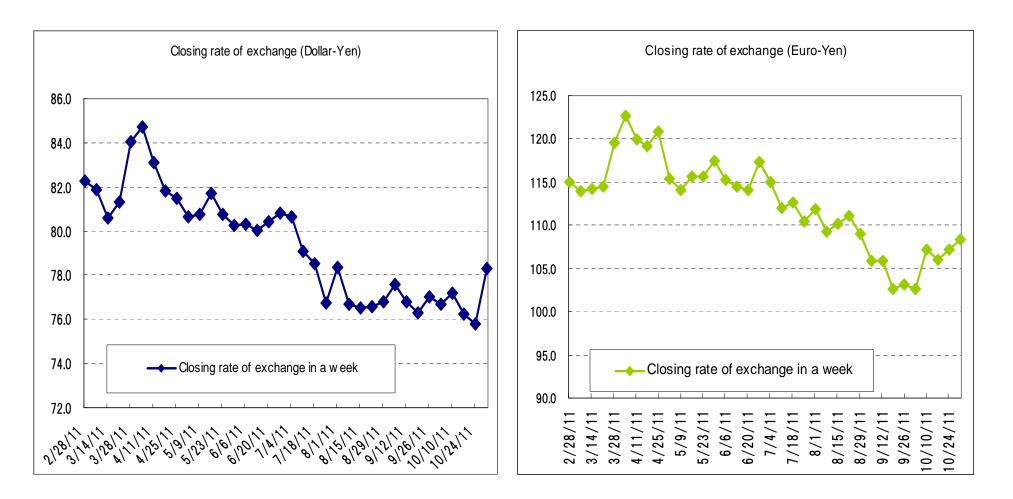
Inflation rate (average consumer price) Unemployment rate (%) 25 25 ---- Spain India ---- Greece 20 Russia20 -USA Brazil 15 Russia Mexico<sup>15</sup> ---- Germany 10 China -Brazil -Korea Mexico 5 EU27 Japan 5 China 0 USA Korea Japan 0 -5 

## Status of foreign exchange



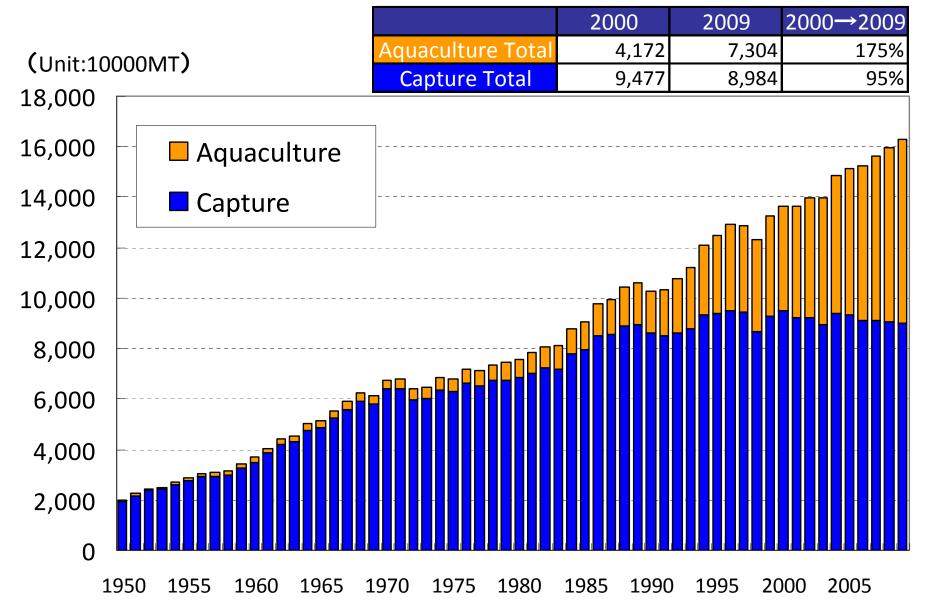
#### US Dollars (Exchange rate: USDJPY=X)

Euro (Exchange rate: EURJPY=X)



#### Trends in global marine products industry - Changes in capture and aquaculture

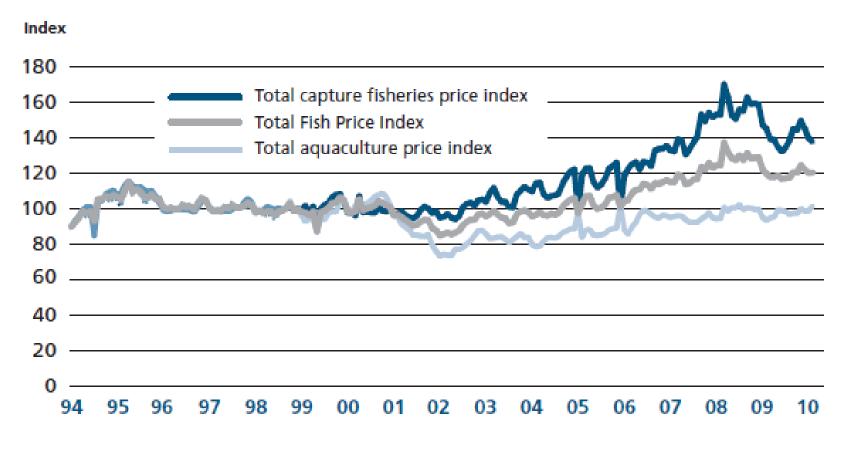




Source: FAO Fish Stat



#### Trends in the FAO Fish Price Index and underlying indices

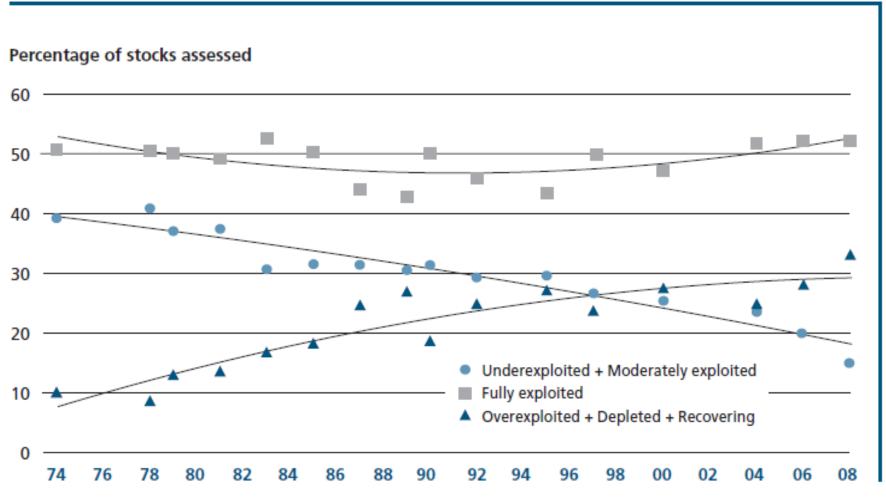


Note: 1998-2000 = 100.

## Marine stock status



#### Global trends in the state of world marine stocks since 1974



2010 FAO

According to the survey by FAO, overexploited or depleted marine stocks increased, while moderately exploited or underexploited marine stocks decreased.

Source: FAO

## NGO's influence and certification of sustainable fishery



Since 2008, Greenpeace in the U.S. has been checking supermarkets as to whether they are selling sustainable marine products and publishing a Scorecard.

#### Supermarket Seafood Sustainability Scorecard 1 2 3

WINN-DIXIE

**ME**|JER

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10,0

RANK RETAILER SAFEWAY 64.61 TARGET 63.74 WEGMANS 63,74 Supermarket Scorecards: Destructive WHOLE FOODS **Fishing in our Oceans** 61.77 AHOLD 59,22 SEARCH YOUR STATE'S SUPERMARKETS: Select A State. HARRIS TEETER 58.35 ALD 54,62 A&P 51.63 PRICE CHOPPER 47,90 DELHAIZE 10 47,66 COSTCO 44,89 **TRADER JOE'S** 12 44.57 13 WALMART 44.50 H. E. BUTT 43.81 KROGER 42.03 GIANT EAGLE 16 32,38 PUBLIX 17 21,50 > % SUPERVALU 18 15.0



#### Marine Stewardship Council Certified sustainable seafood

#### More fisheries are certified by MSC.



More than

global annual sales at retail value of MSC labelled seafood

companies in 80 countries with MSC Chain of Custody certification

Over

leading companies worldwide that have made public commitments to source MSC certified seafood

Around

of all wild caught seafood certified to the MSC's standard

#### Nov 2010 survey

As of October 2011

 $\checkmark$  About 11.000 marine products are sold with the MSC mark.  $\checkmark$ 82 countries around the world deal with them.

- $\checkmark$ 132 fisheries are certified as sustainable fisheries.
- $\checkmark$ 130 fisheries are currently being accessed.

27 MSC · · · An organization that certifies sustainable fisheries.

## Collaboration between Global Links and NGOs



NGO	Contact Company	Objective
Fisheries Resources and Marine Environment / Co-FRaME	Nissui	Research and analysis of marine resources and study regarding sustainable uses of marine resource. Give suggestions based on research. Nissui gets some advice of sustainable uses of marine resource.
New England Aquarium	Gorton's	2008 partnership est.; advance seafood sustainability efforts. Setting strong goals and key performance indicators for both wild and aquaculture.
Global Aquaculture Alliance / BAP	Gorton's	Gorton's buyers are registered under the BAP Buyer Program, demonstrate support for responsibly produced and/or processed sustainable aquaculture.
SFP – Sustainable Fisheries Partnership	Gorton's	2009 steering committee member in the Russian Far East Pollock FIP. Common goal of improving Russian Pollock fisheries management.
WWF	K&P	Identify environmentally sensitive issues in supply of wild caught fish and seafood
Global Aquaculture Alliance / BAP	K&P	Certify farmed fish and shellfish supply base to acknowledge best practices
International Seafood Sustainability Foundation/ISSF	Sealord	ISSF promotes sustainable fishing standards across the global tuna fisheries.

#### Change in food by BRIC's-supply quantity



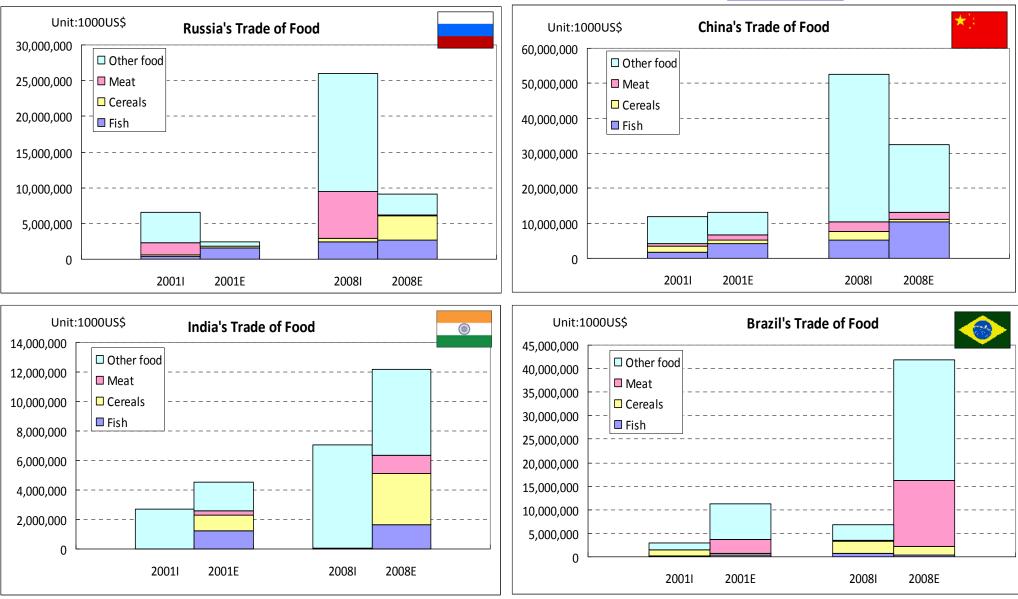
	Food supply quantity (g/capita/day									
		Population (Millions)	Grain*	Vegetables	Fruits	Fish, Seafood	Meat	Wine		
	Brazil 2000	171.3	326.9	103.0	300.7	16.5	216.8	5.0		
	Brazil 2007	187.6	360.6	126.9	298.7	18.8	220.5	5.8		
		110%	110%	123%	99%	114%	102%	115%		
<b>*</b> ]:	China 2000	1,267.4	564.9	615.0	118.8	67.2	135.8	2.4		
	China 2007	1,321.3	529.5	766.8	176.5	72.5	146.4	3.3		
		104%	94%	125%	149%	108%	108%	142%		
٢	India 2000	1,024.3	467.4	176.1	97.1	12.2	9.7	0.00		
	India 2007	1,142.0	474.0	177.6	123.4	14.0	8.9	0.01		
		111%	101%	101%	127%	115%	92%	#DIV/0!		
	Russia 2000	146.3	373.6	241.8	99.6	49.1	109.3	9.0		
	Russia 2007	142.0	387.6	311.8	195.9	51.7	166.8	18.4		
		97%	104%	129%	197%	105%	153%	205%		
		Population (Millions)	Grain*	Vegetables	Fruits	Fish, Seafood	Meat	Wine		
	Japan 2000	126.8	431.3	307.9	141.2	182.9	123.1	5.8		
	Japan 2007	127.8	410.5	290.9	159.4	166.5	126.4	5.6		
		101%	95%	94%	113%	91%	103%	97%		
	USA 2000	282.3	313.9	349.3	339.6	59.4	329.4	20.0		
	USA 2007	301.9	300.9	349.6	304.0	65.9	336.4	18.9		
		107%	96%	100%	90%	111%	102%	94%		
110	EU27 2000	481.4	318.1	339.7	274.3	57.4	233.8	76.7		
1. 162.00	EU27 2007	493.7	324.1	321.5	286.1	60.4	236.1	78.0		
		103%	102%	95%	104%	105%	101%	102%		
						42.4	102.0	10.0		
	World 2000	5,971.4	454.3	295.3	165.5	43.1	103.8	10.0		
	World 2000 World 2007	5,971.4 6,562.6	454.3 448.4	295.3 327.5	165.5 189.3	43.1 45.7	103.8 109.8	10.0 10.0 100%		

Source: FAO

\*Grain ••• Maize, Rice (Paddy Equivalent), Soyabeans, Wheat

## Change in food by BRIC's – foreign trade

I • • • Import E • • • Export 0



# Recommendation by the European and U.S. governments to eat fish



In Europe and the U.S., campaigns to encourage eating more seafood for health reasons are being conducted mainly led by governments, and the consumption of fish and shellfish has been on the rise in recent years.



The Scientific Advisory Committee on Nutrition (SACN) in the U.K. recommends eating seafood twice a week.

The main factor is the increasing cost of medical care in each country.

Ratio of total medical cost to GDP, published by OECD

		France	Germany	The Netherlands	U.K.	U.S.	Japan
ſ	2003	10.9	10.8	9.8	7.8	15.7	8.1
	2009	/ 11.8	/ 11.6	12.0	9.8	/ 17.4	8.5

Japan's data relates to 2008.

## Emergence of seafood companies in Asia





In June 2008, the Dongwon Group in Korea purchased Starkist, a canned tuna manufacturer in America, and strengthened its sales in North and Central America.



In July 2010, Thai Union Frozen Products in Thailand purchased MWBRANDS in Europe and strengthened its sales of tuna products and frozen seafood worldwide.



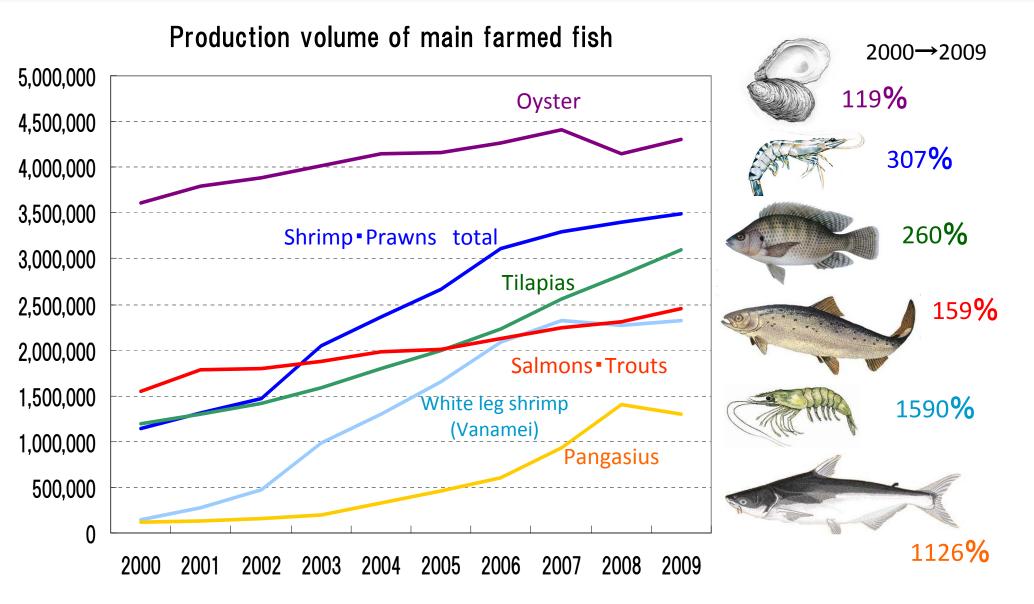




In September 2011, Pacific Andes in Hong Kong invested in an investment company in Europe and obtained German companies, Pickenpack and Hussmann & Hahn. It aims to create business from the value chain as a result of vertical integration.

## Fish increasing in aquaculture worldwide



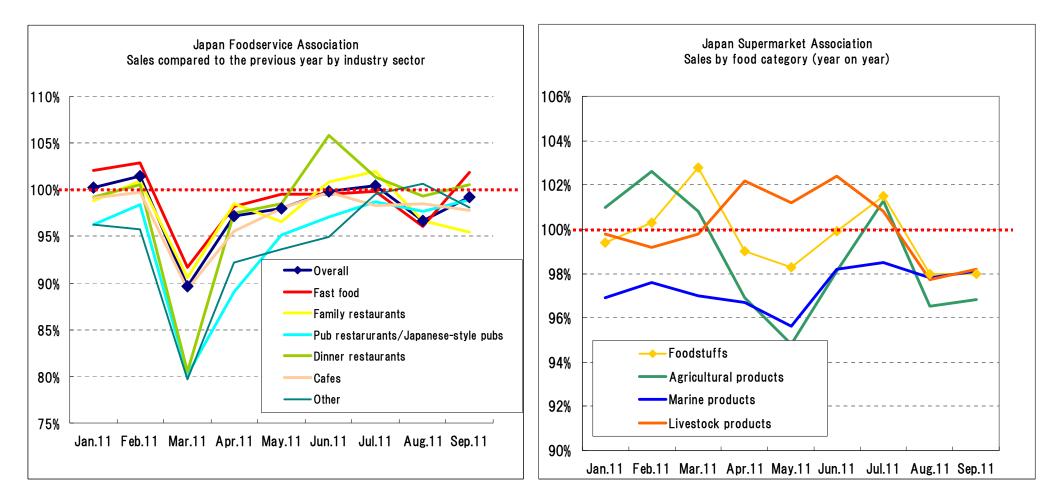




- Natural resources are under the control of each country, and there is a tendency to place international waters under international control.
- Pressure from environmental conservation groups and NGOs demanding sustainability is increasing.
- Aging and health consciousness in developed countries increases the value of seafood.
- Increasing consumption and emergence of companies in emerging countries (Asian countries).
- > Increase in aquaculture will meet future demand.

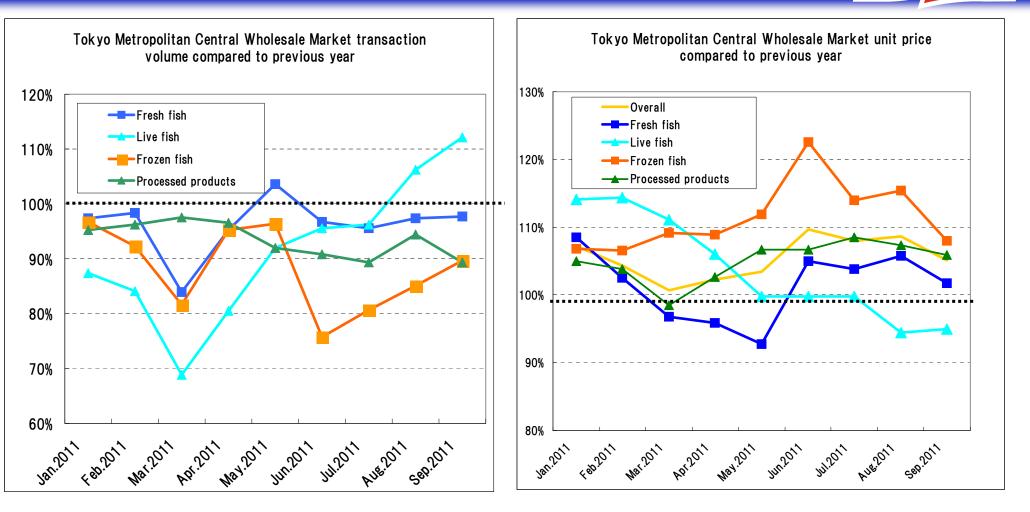
## Trends in foodservice and supermarkets.





Foodservice in March and April after the earthquake disaster fell from the previous year, but is recovering to the level before the disaster. At supermarkets, only marine products have not exceeded the previous year since the disaster.

#### Transaction volume and unit price at Tokyo Metropolitan Central Wholesale Market, year-on-year



The transaction volume in March and April fell sharply compared to the previous year due to the impact of the earthquake disaster.

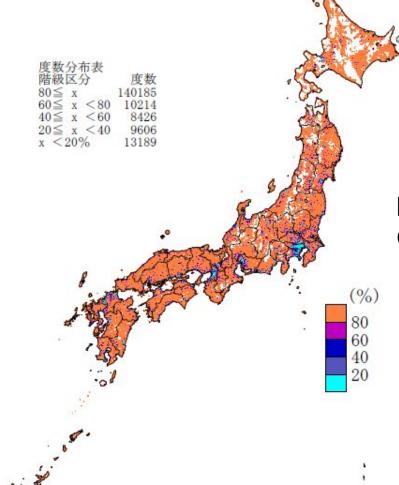
Supplies were limited due to the damage in the Tohoku region and the price was on an upward trend.

#### Source: Tokyo Metropolitan Central Wholesale Market

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## "Issue of food access"

Ratio of population more than 500 meters from a fresh food outlet store



Policy Research Institute estimate

Population more than 500 meters from a fresh food outlet store in Japan

44 million people

(of which 9.7 million are over 65 years old)

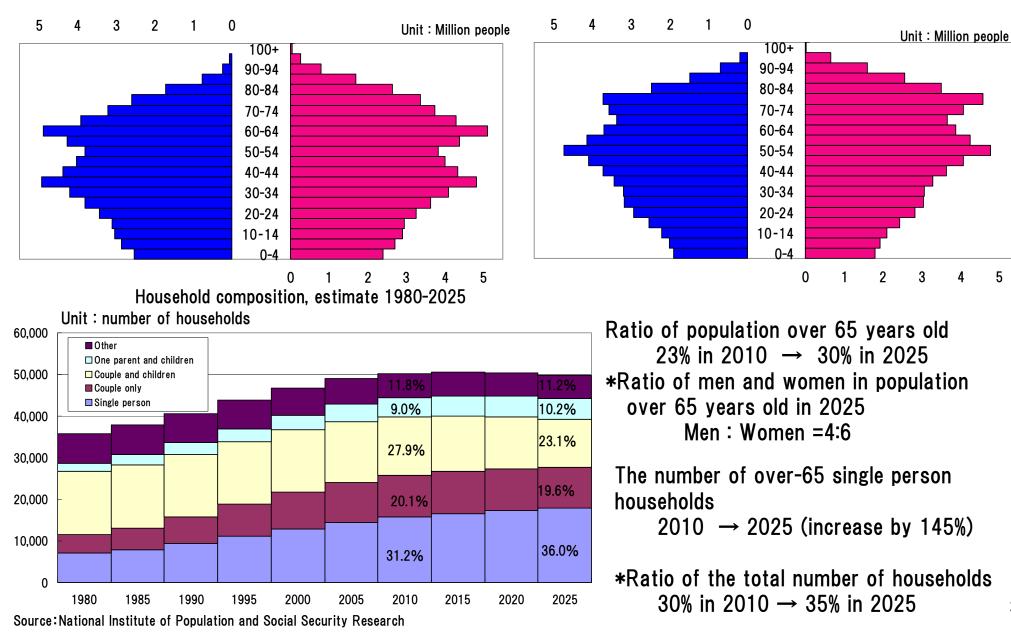
Source:Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, Policy Research Institute, August 2011 National Institute of Population and Social Security Research

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## Aging – Changes in population and household composition

Composition of population in Japan, 2010

Compositon of population, 2025



5



## $\checkmark$ Mega clients and companies

Mega clients and companies are expanding their territories. Competing companies add functions, while sharing functions with other companies, commissioning, and cooperation across industry sectors are promoted, resulting in changes in the industry structure.

## ✓ From symbolic consumption to functional consumption

As the diversification of people continues, customers buy products and services for functions, and companies are competing to suggest lifestyles using these functions.

## ✓ More environmental consumption

Environmental considerations, more electricity saving and energy conserving products, etc., and changes in awareness are permeating our lives.

 $\square$ Management is required to create functions through innovations

## **Tokyo Innovation Center**





The Tokyo Innovation Center promotes synergy and the emergence of R&D functions, takes the central role in the research, development and analysis of the group — which is scattered across Japan and around the world — and has an advantage in R&D.

It is also actively used as a place for collaboration with customers and communication with the group companies, mainly concerning R&D.

The Center is also addressing the disaster contingency to move headquarters operations to the Centre in emergency situations.



- Overcome the damage of the earthquake disaster and become stronger.
- As household structures change with the advancement of aging, create life styles for people and continue suggesting the expansion of their life scenes.
- Expand research and investment to add more value to resources and aquaculture.



# Forecast for FY2011



Consolidated	FY2010 (Result)	%	FY2011 (Plan)	%	Y-on-	-Y
Net Sales	4,942	-	5,250	-	307	6.2%
Operating Income	80	1.6%	120	2.3%	39	48.4%
Ordinary Income	62	1.3%	110	2.1%	47	75.3%
Net income	▲9	▲0.2%	55	1.0%	64	-

◆Assumed exchange rate for FY2011(Plan): 1USD=JPY83

Dividend Forecast FY2011(Forecast) Total Fiscal Year Dividend per Share 10 yen Interim 5 yen (Last Year 5 yen) Year End 5 yen (Last Year 5 yen)

## **Disclaimer regarding forward-looking statements**



This presentation contains forward-looking statements regarding Nissui's business projections for the current term and future terms. All forward-looking statements are based on rational judgement of management derived from the information currently available to it, and the Company provides no assurances that these projections will be achieved.

Please be advised that the actual business performance may differ from these business projections due to changes of various factors. Significant factors which may affect the actual business performance include but are not limited to the changes in the market economy and product demand, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, and amendments to various international and Japanese systems and laws.

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#### True Global Links

